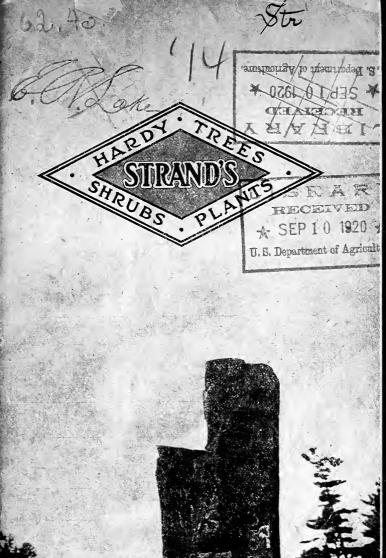
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DEVIL'S CHAIR INTER-STATE PARK

# STRAND'S NURSERY TAYLORS FALLS, MINN.



## Our Popular Collections Have Pleased Our Patrons

So well for the past seven years that we feel justified in renewing them. They cannot fail to please, for they are composed of our best hardy sorts, carefully selected with reference to the section of the country, and offer to the average planter a list which will meet his needs without selection from catalog lists.

THE FARM ORCHARD

25 APPLE AND CRABS, 3 to 4 feet. 10 PLUM AND CHERRY,

Same in 4 to 6 ft. trees for \$7.50; 5 to 7 ft. for \$10.00.

I have quite a bearing orchard now \* \* all from you. Out of 4 or 5 orders I never lost a single tree.—W. F. B., Hankinson, N. D., 4-2-13.

THE FRUIT
GARDEN

100 Strawberries 5 Currants
100 Asparagus 5 Grapes
50 Raspberries 5 Pie Plant
25 Blackberries or Dewberries
1 Improved Sand Cherry
A model assortment that will be a continued source of pleasure and profit to any purchaser.

Thanks for the excellent stock you sent me. Came in fine condition and am more than satisfied.—J. S. R., Ballentine, Mont., 4-22-13.

FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
FLOWERS
Columbines, etc., which will come up year after year with added these first season. HALF OF THE ABOVE (25) FOR \$3.00.

Stock received in fine shape. Please accept my thanks for fine stock and prompt shipment. Strand's direct deal is the best deal I have ever found.—M. G. A., Sage, Mont., 5-5-13.

25 Ornamen-tal Trees

A choice assortment that will prove hardy and desirable in your location.

Easily worth five times the price for improving the place. Let us know your needs and we can please better.

Please quote \* \* \* Of the 50 trees, shrubs and vines, received last season, not one failed. A mighty good record.—A. V. F., St. Paul, Minn. 2-15-13.

50 ROSES
These are thrifty two-year plants and just the assortment that will please anyone interested in "dressing up" the home grounds. HALF OF THE ABOVE (25) FOR \$3.00.

Everything was received in good condition and all are growing fine.-M., Meckiwin, Man., Can., 6-30-13.

100 EVERTell us what you would like to use them for—hedge, windbreak, grove or ornamentals—and we will forward an assortment or all of one variety which should do well in your section. These are all once transplanted and 3 to 4 years old, 6 to 12-inch, and well rooted. With reasonable care they are sure to grow. HALF THE ABOVE (50) FOR \$3.00. to 4 years old sure to grow.

Of the 50 White Spruce I did not lose a single plant, and they made a fine growth. I will duplicate the order this spring.—J. M., Clinton, Minn., 3-10-13

100 FOOT
HEDGE

we grow large quantities of hardy shrubs that are admirably adapted for this purpose, and will be pleased to quote prices or reply to inquiries property, but may be useful as a screen, windbreak or division. Many shrubs require little or no attention to keep them in the desired form, while others must be sheared. If you will tell us the length, height desired to keep same at, location or position and class (evergreen, foliage or flowering), we will cheerfully suggest what we think would please you best. Plant most sorts about two feet apart. about two feet apart.

WE GUARANTEE STOCK True to Name Up to Grade Safely Delivered

## Geo. W. Strand, Taylors Falls, Minnesota

Please ship the following by Freight, Express or Mail to Name\_ Postoffice \_

Enclosed find Draft, Express or P. O. Order for \$....

NUMBER

VARIETY

St. or R. F. D. State\_ R. R. Station Via.

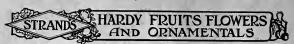
In case we are sold out of some size or variety, shall we return the money or fill with some equally desirable kind?

GRADE

PRICE

GET UP A CLUB—10% Discount on all such orders, when name and address of various parties are given.

SEND US THE NAMES of parties interested and we will see that you are amply compensated for the trouble.



## These Books and Appliances Will Help You Succeed

FREE JOIN The MINNESOTA STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY and get their monthly magazine, "The Minnesota Horticulturist" and a bound volume of some 500 pages of the best literature on this subject, also valuable plant premiums. Membership fee, \$1.00 per year. Free, with a \$10 order when requested (except where special prices are quoted.)



#### "AMATEUR FRUIT GROWING"

By Prof. S. B. Green. Prepared for and used as a text-book at the Minnesota School of Agriculture. Just what you need as a guide to successful fruitgrowing; 140 pages, well illustrated. Sent postpaid for 50 cents, or in paper covers, 25 cents.

### "POPULAR FRUIT GROWING"

By Prof. Green, is a later and more complete work than the above. Treats all phases of successful fruit-growing from the propagation to marketing. Three hundred pages, profusely illustrated, cloth bound, postpaid, for \$1.00.

#### "FORESTRY IN MINNESOTA"

By Prof. Green, written for Northwestern planters and used as a text-book on forestry. A very practical, thorough and concise work on ornamental and windbreak planting. It will interest all. Four hundred pages, well illustrated. Cloth bound, postpaid, for \$1.00.

### "VEGETABLE GARDENING"

Is another of Prof. Green's popular and practical books. It covers that subject thoroughly and should be of interest to every owner of a garden. Two hundred and sixty pages, one hundred and twenty-two illustrations. Sent postpaid for \$1.00, or in paper cover, 50 cents.

#### COPPER TREE LABELS

2 cents each, \$1.50 per 100, postpaid.



AN INDESTRUCTIBLE LABEL to be written on with a very hard lead pencil or stylus, writing always distinct. Just the thing to keep track of the names and data of orchard trees, top-working experiments, etc. Give the wire one turn around the branch, securing the end in loop. Remove to smaller branches every few years to prevent cutting wood. We advise the use of an additional or heavy wire as they will wear away in time.

## TREE PROTECTORS A PRACTICAL NECESSITY



They should be placed around all orchard trees and also some shade trees, such as Basswood, Mountain Ash and Butternut.

They are cheap, neat, easily applied and last for about five years, serving as a protection from mice, rabbits, sun-scald, extremes of heat and cold and also prevent trees from becoming hidebound or damaged by whiffletrees, as far up as they reach.

as they reach.

They are made of the very best quality of rock elm veneer and are about 12 inches wide by 20 inches long. One end is dipped in a coal tar composition to prevent decay where they come in contact with the ground. If dry, they should be soaked in water before wrapping about the trees (to prevent cracking) and secured with two wires or strings.



The Hawkeye Tree Protectors

Price, 2 cents each; \$1.00 per\_100; \$7.50 per 1,000. Put up in crates of 100 each. Postpaid, 3 cents each.

## RAND'S NURSERY ORS FALLS.

INSURES GETTING EST OF STOCK IN EST POSSIBLE CO BEST BEST CONDI-BEST POSSIBLE CONDITION, at right prices. Your trees come in individual packages which remain undisturbed until you are home and ready to care for them. You buy and get what you want (not what some salesman is interested in selling you through verbal promises his company does not back up).

You are the best nurseryman for the purchaser I have discovered, and I have dealt with quite a few. Stock came to hand in good shape. I have received stock from you several times and it has always been satisfactory.—W. J. B., Valley River, Man. Can.

We Guarantee Safe Delivery

we duarantee Safe Delivery
stock to be true to name and up to grade. Should
any prove otherwise we will cheerfully rectify all
just demands if reported promptly. In no case
are we liable for more than the original purchase
price. All claims for replacement must be filed
before December 1st of same season.
We grow and offer only the hardiest stock
adapted to the Northwest. Our experience is
always at your command free of charge. Our
patrons' success is the basis of our success. If we
do not please you tell us and we will cheerfully
rectify if possible. It is our sincere desire to please
all who do business with us.

Goods arrived in good condition. Did not expect you to replace the trees that died nor did I expect any extras with this small order. Shall remember you when I want nursery stock. Thanking you for your generous treatment.—C. E., Grand Rapids, Wis., 5-19-13.



TERMS: CASH BEFORE SHIPMENT or satisfactory at any time without deposit. C. O. D. by express is needless expense, but we will ship thus when one-fourth of price accompanies order. Prices quoted include boxing and packing and are free on board cars here or to Soo line points from St. Croix Falls, Wis. Five of a variety will be supplied at 10 rates; 50 at 100 rates and 500 at 1,000 rates. On large orders we will be pleased to quote special prices. ORDERS ARE FILLED IN ROTATION as far as possible. Hence get your orders in early while assortments are at their best. Notification cards are sent upon receipt of order and also when shipment is forwarded.

I have bought stock of you for the last nine years, and it has always given me perfect satisfaction.—E. S., Montrose, Minn.

PARCEL POST will bring to your door any package under 20 pounds, whose combined length and girth is not over 72 inches. This will be found to be a safe and economical way for many of our patrons to get small stock.

Both shipments arrived in very good condition and nearly everything grew. I hope that you will have the greatest success, for if you treat all of your patrons as well as you have me, you certainly will sell all you can raise.—C. F. S., Pense, Sask.,

FREIGHT AND EXPRESS RATES on nursery stock are very reasonable. Since February 1st the express rates have been materially reduced to meet Parcel Post rates, and on larger packages accordingly. In no case, however, is the charge less than 25 cents by freight or express for each company carrying. Express comes higher, but on small shipments if prompt delivery is valuable it is the most satisfactory. If stock has been shipped and you do not receive it in due season, advise your agent to trace same and notify us and we will have it traced also. We pack all shipments well, so they should stand considerable delay without injury. delay without, injury

PREPAID PRICES CHEERFULLY QUOTED



Guaranteed to Reach you Safely.

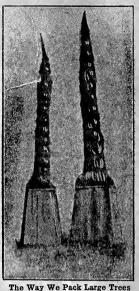


## How to Care for Nursery Stock

WHEN RECEIVED—Avoid any unnecessary exposure to sun or wind. Mud the roots thoroughly at once, and either place them in a rather damps cellar or else "heel" them in the ground in some cool, moist place until you are ready to plant. Do not wet the tops of evergreens and strawberries.

IF STOCK APPEARS RATHER DRY when received or if the weather or ground is unfavorable, it will generally be best not to plant at once, but let it remain heeled in or buried in moist ground for a few days. By this method of handling, a much better stand of all kinds of nursery stock will be obtained, especially strawberries, the bunches of which should be cut open and plants spread out.

FALL SHIPMENTS—When received in the fall, a trench should be dug in some well-drained place, deep enough, and sloping so that all trees can be entirely covered. The bundles should be cut open and all straw or moss removed. The earth should be made firm about the trees, and after the ground is frozen cover with enough straw or litter to prevent alternate freezing and thawing. It is a good plan to get stock in the fall if proper care is given to heeling it. Evergreens and strawberries should not be shipped in the fall.



The Way We Pack Large Trees for Shipment. Guaranteed to Reach You Safely

FROZEN STOCK—Should any stock be received in a frozen condition, place in a cellar or some rather moist place, where it will thaw out gradually, and do not unpack until frost is out of the trees.

The nursery stock ordered from you arrived in fine shape. The seedlings were the fines I ever saw; the fruit trees were all right in every way—the roots especially were fine. I want to commend both your manner of growing, shipping and packing.—A. C. T., Duluth, Minn., 4-22-13.

## Number of Plants to the Acre

Feet Apart.	No. Trees.	Feet Apart.	No. Trees.
1½x3	9680	10x12	363
1½x4½			302
3x 3		15x15	193
3x 4	3630	15x18	
4x 4	2722	16x16	170
3x 5	2904	16x18	151
3x 6	2420	18x19	134
4x 5	2160	15x20	145
4x 6	1815	16x20	
5x 5	1042	20x20	
6x 6	1210	20x25	87
6x 8	905	25x25	69
8x 8	680	25x30	58
10x10	435	30x30	

They were all good trees. Thank you very much for the good stock you sent. I must say I am well satisfied with the deal. You have a good way of packing, they all came out so fresh and fine.—L. T. J., Spring Grove, Minn., 6-8-13.

## GERMAN PRUNING SHEARS



Postpaid, \$1.25; 7½ inches, \$1.50.

Many or our patrons ask us for same, and hence we are listing what we consider the best one on the market.



# Our Nursery Is Inspected Annually

## By the State Entomologist

A copy of the certificate accompanies each shipment.

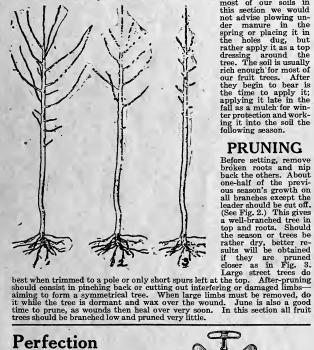
WHEN TO PLANT Throughout the Northwest it will be found far better and safer to plant almost everything as early in the spring as the ground is in good working condition. Bulbs such as tulips and lilies, also most of our hardy perennials, such as peonies and rhubarb, can be planted to good advantage in September of October if given a light mulch as soon as the ground freezes.

October if given a light mulch as soon as the ground freezes.

HOW TO PLANT

Do not expose the roots unnecessarily. For seedlings, strawberries, etc., make a thin mud in which to place them before planting. This is better than "puddling" where planted. Tramp the ground very firm about the roots, leaving only an inch or so of the surface soil loose. Leave it level or dished toward it.

PREPARE GROUND THOROUGHLY before planting. Keep grass out and do not plant in sod. When necessary to plant in sod, as in a lawn, remove all sod within a radius of three feet or so, keeping the ground well mulched or cultivated. If you must water, soak the ground thoroughly so that the water will reach the roots. Do not apply just a little frequently, for the soil then bakes and the tree or plant suffers more than if none had been applied. On most of our soils in this section we would not advise plowing under manure in the spring or placing it in the holes dug, but rather apply it as a total control of the section we would not advise plowing under manure in the spring or placing it in the holes dug, but



spring or placing it in the holes dug, but rather apply it as a top dressing around the tree. The soil is usually rich enough for most of our fruit trees. After they begin to bear is the time to apply it; applying it late in the fall as a mulch for winter protection and working it into the soil the following season.

#### PRUNING

Before setting, remove broken roots and nip

## Perfection Sprayer

THIS NEW SPRAYER, put out by the Brandt Mfg. Co., is a high-pressure machine having an automatic shut-off nozzle, and is offered in full confidence that it is the

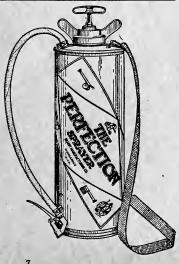
## **Best Hand Sprayer** on the Market

The tank is 20 inches high and 7½ inches in diameter; tested to 60 pounds; capacity 3¾ gallons. It will handle whitewash, Bordeaux mixture, water paints and for all ordinary spraying will not disappoint.

Galvanized Steel, \$5.00; or All Brass, \$6.75.

Special circular of other\*

Special circular of other makes of hand sprayers sent on request.





## THE ORCHARD

FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES the higher elevations and northern slopes have a decided advantage, and trees are usually set 16 by 20 or 20 by 20 feet apart, using only a few sorts. In exposed situations a windbreak to the south and west is a decided advantage, and in some cases a necessity. Red cedar should not be used for such purposes, for it seems to facilitate the spread of leaf rust, which has done much damage of late years, especially to crabs.

FOR THE HOME ORCHARD a plan that seems best is to plant the rows 35 feet or more apart and trees from 14 to 16 feet in the row, using a liberal assortment. Spreading growers should be set further apart than others. Between the trees in the same row may be planted currants, gooseberries, pie plant, etc. The plots between give a nice space for the small fruits, garden, corn or potatoes. When planted in this manner we have an opportunity of renewing the orchard by setting a row between later, and everything is more likely to receive its due proportion of care.

DEEP SETTING—Trees should be set a little deeper than they originally grew in the nursery, and on lighter soils they should be set deeper than on heavy soils. This is especially true of apples, plums and cherries, as they are often grafted on roots which are tender and unreliable in this section. This induces the tree to root from above the graft, and it soon becomes on its own roots, which are perfectly hardy. Trees not over three years of age root most readily. Some varieties root more readily than others, and hence the difference in hardiness. Apples especially will not thrive on wet, heavy soil. In such places and seasons they should be planted shallow and furrows plowed towards the trees, leaving a furrow between the rows for drainage. In severe winters, when there is little snow and the ground rather dry, a great many fruit trees are lost from root killing. We can prevent it to a great extent by thorough, continued cultivation, deep setting and by mulching around the trees late in the fall or moistening the soil.

THE KIND OF TREE that delights the average buyer is one with a fine-looking, good-sized top. If you desire straight, pretty ones, buy only those termed upright growers. Spreading growers are invariably crooked growers in the nursery and many of our hardiest varieties belong to this class. They have stronger crotches, are not liable to split down and also protect their own trunks better. Plant varieties that are recommended by your State Experiment Station or Horticultural Society. (List furnished on request.) Buy a northern-grown, medium-sized, thrifty grade and you will get trees well-balanced in top and roots that will save you in every way. "The best is the cheapest," and especially is this true in the planting of trees.

ONE-YEAR-OLD TREES as commonly planted throughout the more favorable orchard districts of the West are really two-year-old trees. They are grown the same as our plum or cherry—by lining out the seedlings and grafting or budding after one season's growth. This gives a tree with one-year top and two-year-old root system. Where trees are subject to root killing this class of an apple tree is worthless, and we do not grow them. Our two-year-old piece-root grafted trees for our conditions will be found far more satisfactory

Please send me \* \* \* Have had your stock for 6 years and find it better than any other.—L. N., Willmar, Minn., 1-15-14.

## How Apples Are Propagated

All Northern nurserymen use the piece-root graft for propagating apples. These are made up during the winter by splicing a 6-inch twig (scion) onto a 3-inch piece of seedling apple root, as shown; waxed thread, paper or cloth being used to bind them together. We endeavor to use seedlings grown from



Scion

Root

our hardiest crabs and apples as far as possible, as they are unquestionably the best for this section. Plums and cherries are grown by lining out the seedlings in nursery rows and budding or grafting after one season's growth, hence they are more expensive than apples. Grafts should be planted as early as possible in the spring, and orders must be in before April 1st to insure.

Apple Seedlings, \$1.25 per 100, postpaid. Scions 2c each; \$1.50 per 100.

APPLE GRAFTS \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000; postpaid, 2c each; \$1.75 per 100.



## Top-Worked Apple Trees

## From 3 to 10 Kinds Growing on The Same Tree

A Novelty of Merit, Sure to Please.

These are 3-year, 5- to 6-foot Success and Dartt crabs, the principal limbs and leader of which have been budded to from 3 to 10 varieties, covering the season, such as Yellow Transparent, Charlamoff, Wealthy, N. W. Greening, Sugar Loaf, Malinda. A veritable orchard in itself, which will come into bearing very early and give the best of satisfaction. As you will note by the



illustration, a bud of each variety has been so inserted that when the portion above same is cut away, the bud starts into growth, and thus the tree is transformed to produce fruit of the desired sort or sorts. The process of budding and grafting is very simple and many of our most successful orchardists prefer to plant hardy trees like the Hibernal or crabs and top-work to winter sorts after one or two seasons growth. SCIONS of any variety we can supply postpaid for 2c each; \$1.50 per 100.

#### PRICES

Trees	Top-Worked	to	Three	Varieties	.50	each.
	Top-Worked			Varieties	.75	each.
Trees	Top-Worked	to	Seven	Varieties	1.00	each.
Trees	Ton-Worked	to	Ten	Varieties	1 95	ageh

#### PRICES OF APPLES AND CRABS

	Size.	Age.	Each	10	100
1	to 2 feet,	1 year (postpaid, 15c)	\$0.10	\$0.90	\$ 8.00
3	to 4 feet.	2 years	.15	1.40	12.00
4	to 5 feet.	2 or 3 years	.20	1.90	17.00
5	to 6 feet.	3 years	.25	2.40	22.00
6	to 7 feet,	4 years	.40	3.50	30.00

NOTE—Longfield, Virginia, Hyslop, Minnesota, Scott's Winter and Early Strawberry can also be supplied (as long as stock lasts) in bearing size trees, 7 to 9 feet, 75c each; 2 to 3 inch caliper, \$1.50 each.

#### FALL APPLES

#### (GIVEN IN ORDER OF RIPENING.)

\*YELLOW TRANSPARENT—A choice, very early yellow sort. Comes into bearing very soon after planting, and annually, but blights in some localities. Medium size, fine grained, juicy. Early August.

\*TETOFSKY—Hardy, upright grower. Fruit medium size, striped with red, choice eating. August.

\*BLUSHED CALVILLE—Very hardy, medium size, yellow with slight blush, juicy, sub-acid. August.

\*RED WINE—Hardy, rather upright open grower. Productive. One of the most beautiful early apples. Medium, round, waxy white covered with bright red; juicy, sub-acid. 5c per tree extra.

\*LOWLAND RASPBERRY—Upright grower; free from blight. Fruit medium size, splashed with red and of good quality. A very handsome apple. 5c per tree extra.

\*DUCHESS—Very hardy, free from blight, moderate grower, early and prolific bearer. Fruit large, handsomely striped with crimson; fine for cooking and eating. The standard early commercial sort. September.

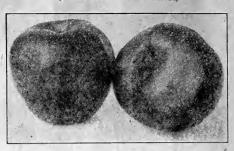
\*CHARLAMOFF—Hardy, thrifty, spreading grower, early and regular bearer. Fruit similar to Duchess, better quality, longer, hangs to tree better. A choice dessert apple. September.

\*YELLOW SWEET—Best early sweet apple. Hardy, free from blight, very productive. Medium size, yellow. August.

\*SUMMER PEAR—Very hardy, rapid, upright grower; free from blight; early and heavy bearer, having a long ripening season. Yellow with red cheeks, very fine grained, mild flavor, as name indicates. Every orchard should have it.

### LATE FALL AND EARLY WINTER

(IN ORDER OF RIPENING.)



\*OKABENA—Very hardy and productive. Fruit of fine quality, size and color. Tree is good grower and very free from blight. Similar to Duchess, but later. Season, September.

IOWA BEAUTY—Strong, upright grower, reasonably free from blight. Fruit very large, good quality, a handsome red. Deserves more generous planting.

planting.

\*PEERLESS—Vigorous, upright, hardy. Fairly productive on upland or not too rich soil; good quality, size and color. Season, October to December. A handsome tree and fruit.

CHRISTMAS—Upright, compact, vigorous grower; free from blight. Annual bearer of medium size, good quality, very handsome fruit. October to December.

LONGFIELD—Spreading grower. Very early and prolific bearer. Fruit medium sized, yellowish, with blush; choice for eating and home use. Season, October to December. If you want apples soon, try this.

\*HIBERNAL—Without doubt the hardiest; spreading grower, early and regular bearer. Fruit large, striped, excellent for cooking, but rather tart for eating until fully ripe. Season, October to December. It is the best stock to plant for top working with more tender sorts.

McMAHON—Strong grower, but blights somewhat. Quite productive and of good size and quality. Light yellow, nearly white, sometimes blushed. October to December.

\*ANISIM—Free from blight, very hardy and prolific. Upright grower, fruit dark red, medium size and of good quality. Its high color makes it a desirable commercial sort. Season, October to December.

\*PATTEN'S GREENING—Very hardy, free from blight, vigorous, spreading grower, bears early and abundantly. Fruit large, yellow. Good eating and cooking apple. One of the best all-round varieties. October to January.

\*UNIVERSITY—Strong, upright grower. Very free from blight. Fruit large, yellow; of good quality and productive. A newer sort of merit. October to January.

\*WOLF RIVER—A strong and vigorous grower, producing fruit of the largest size and highly colored; fair quality. A great show and market apple. October to December.

WEALTHY or PETER—This variety is without doubt the best quality and most popular apple grown in the state. Hardy, but somewhat subject to blight and sunscald. Upright grower, abundant and early bearer. Fruit large, red. Season, October to January. Keeps well in storage.

EASTMAN—Strong, open grower of Wealthy type. Productive and of good quality. A newer sort, of merit. October and November.

RED WARRIOR—Excellent tree and fruit. Averages larger and rounder than Wealthy; same season; juicy, sub-acid. A very handsome fruit. 5c per tree extra.

LORD'S L.—Very productive; medium size, of Wealthy type, dark red, good quality; early bearer and hardy tree. "The Jonathan" for the North.

EVELYN—A seedling of the Wealthy, not quite as hardy; practically the same season; free from blight; good yielder, of even, medium size, highly colored fruit which hangs on until picked. October to February.

#### WINTER APPLES

WINTER APPLES

MILWAUKEE—Spreading grower, comes into bearing early and is very prolific; ripens its wood well; free from blight. Fruit large, flattened, splashed bright red; juicy, acid. November to March. 5c per tree extra.

\*JEWELL'S WINTER—Deserves a trial in every orchard. Very hardy, productive and an early bearer. Fruit good size, bright red and of fair quality; hangs to tree exceptionally well. December to March. 5c per tree extra.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING—Vigorous, spreading growth; fruit large, pale green, sub-acid, good quality. Very popular as a commercial winter variety. November to April.

REPKA MALENKA—Hardy, upright grower, early and prolific bearer. Fruit medium size, red striped, mild, sub-acid. December to April.

KAUMP—An early and constant bearer, free from blight, hardy, vigorous, upright grower. Fruit yellow, medium sized and of good quality.

PERFECT—One of the best of the Lyman (Excelsior, Minn.) seedlings. Moderate, spreading growth. Fruit of good size, round, good quality and color. Deserving of trial. So extra per tree.

PEWAUKEE—Strong grower, good size, color and quality; deserves a place in all favorable locations. December to March.

\*MALINDA—Of crab-like growth, hardy, free from blight, very productive Fruit yellow, "sheep-nose" shape, mild acid and the best of keepers. February to May.

\*MALINDA—Of crab ...
Fruit yellow, "sheep-nose" shape, mild acta ...

OTHER WINTER VARIETIES

WE CAN SUPPLY IN SOME SIZES.

\*Dominion Winter
Ben Davis
Hollintosh
Johnson
Flum Cider
Walbridge
South's Winter
Sugar Loaf
Windsor

Delicious King David
\*Phœnix
Salome Windsor Chief

#### CRABS AND HYBRIDS

(IN ORDER OF RIPENING)

EARLY STRAWBERRY—Hardy, spreading grower; liable to blight. Earliest of all to ripen and very productive, but perishable. Season, August.

GREENWOOD-Upright, very productive, greenish yellow, mild-acid.

FLORENCE—This is one of the best all-round crabs. Hardy, productive, moderate grower, medium size, acid and finely colored.

WHITNEY—Hardy, thrifty, upright grower. Fruit large, handsome and of good quality for eating. September.

SWEET BUSSET—Very hardy, spreading grower, early and prolific bearer. Fruit large, conical, russeted, yellowish. Highly prized by those liking a sweet apple. Should be planted in every orchard. September.

BRIAR Sweet Heavy annual bearer. Good size colored. A very good sweet crab. and attractively

DARTT—Thrifty, upright grower. Very productive; good size, acid, well colored. An ideal tree and fine fruit.

GIDEON NO. 6—Spreading, thrifty grower. Fruit large; sub-acid\_and very highly colored.

TRANSCENDENT-One of the best all-round varieties; productive and very thrifty, but subject to blight. Red, acid, juicy fruit. The standard commercial crab.

VIRGINIA—Very hardy, strong and spreading grower; fruit large, acid, bright red. Valuable also as a tree for top-working.

SUCCESS A new, very thrifty, upright grower; fruit of good color and size, mild, acid; a very promising market sort. 5c extra.

ALASKA—Very thrifty, hardy and free from blight, acid fruit about size of Transcendent.

LYMAN'S PROLIFIC—Hardy, spreading grower, free from blight. Fruit is large, acid, juicy, keeps well.

MINNESOTA—Hardy, spreading grower. Prolific with age. Fruit large, yellow splashed with red, acid, and a good keeper. red, acid,

HYSLOP-A large, late, dark red crab. An old favorite, but blights somewhat.

TONKA, MONTREAL REAUXY, SHIELDS, MEADERS WINTER we can also supply in most sizes at regular prices.



## ORNAMENTAL CRABS

JENKINS—Valuable as an orchard tree as well as an ornamental. Has very large semi-double fragrant blossoms. Fruit much like the Transcendent. 3 to 4 feet, 30c; 4 to 5 ft., 40c; 5 to 6 feet 50c; 6 to 7 feet, 75c.

RED AND YELLOW SIBERIAN—This is the hardiest form of the apple. Very desirable for ornamental planting because of their flowers and fruit. Apples are only about the size of a cherry and are borne in great profusion. 3 to 4 feet, 20c each; 4 to 5 feet, 25c; 5 to 6 feet 35c.

SOULARD—A large-fruited form of the wild crab. Its odd foliage and beautiful flowers make it a desirable ornamental. Fruit keeps all winter; of quince flavor. 3 to 4 feet, 20c; 4 to 5 feet, 25c; 5 to 6 feet, 35c.

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB—A double dwarf form of our native crab. Makes a small tree of great beauty when covered with its large, very double, rose-like blossoms. A hardy, choice ornamental. 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 to 4 feet 35c each; 4 to 5 feet 50c each.

KIRKWOOD—A variety of the native crab having semi-double flowers. Does not grow as tall as Soulard and is very profuse in bloom. 2 to 3 feet, 25c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c; 4 to 5 feet, 50c.

You ma Received trees in fine shape. A thousand thanks for the extras. You may expect another order from me next year.—W. C. W., Estelline, S. Dak., 4-28-13.

#### **PEARS**

We do not recommend their planting in this section except as a trial in very favorable locations. Although a few sorts are quite hardy, they blight badly about the time they come into bearing. Keiffer and Flemish Beauty are the most desirable, and these we can supply in 4 to 5 feet at 25c or 5 to 6 feet at 35c each; also DWARF FORM 4 to 5 feet, 35c each.

The apple trees came through in due time and I am very highly pleased with the stock. The trees are larger than I supposed they would be.—G. M., Walker, Minn., 4-19-13.



#### **PLUMS**

There is no fruit that we can grow with greater assurance of success and derive more pleasure and profit from than our improved native plums. When on their own roots or worked on native roots (which all of ours are) they are perfectly hardy and thrive anywhere throughout the Northwest. They invariably produce fruit the second or third season after planting, are subject to but few diseases, and require but little care to produce bountfully. Plums will stand closer planting than apples, and may be set in rows 12 to 16 feet apart. The rows may be from 16 to 24 feet apart. They do best in a reasonably moist and rich soil. Branch trees from 2 to 3 feet from the ground. Manure liberally. Thin fruit in most varieties if you desire to keep up size, as most trees set twice as much fruit as it is possible for them to mature properly. Very little pruning is necessary other than nipping back a top-heavy, growth or such as to give form to tree when young.

Character of soil and the season has much to do with quality and quantity of fruit produced by certain varieties, and hence we cannot judge which will be the most profitable for your location. It is a good idea to plant several varieties, giving not only a succession of fruit, but the cross-pollination that seems essential to a good crop.

					1 100000	,r, r	TOTAL	υ.				
3	to	4	feet,	1	yr	.30c	each;	\$2.50	per	10;	\$22.00 per 100	
4	to	5	feet,	2	yr	.40c	each;	3.50	per	10;	30.00 per 100	
											40.00 per 100	
7	to	9	feet	at	ocky '	75c	each.	6.50	ner	10		

NOTE—The 7 to 9 feet, or "bearing size," we can only supply in Forest, Garden, DeSoto, New Ulm, Stoddard, Weaver, Wyant and Surprise.

#### VARIETIES-(In Order of Ripening).

\*CHENEY—Upright grower, at its best on rather sandy soils. Fruit one of the largest and earliest, red, has a very thin skin, and hence not desirable for shipping.

\*FOREST GARDEN—Very vigorous grower and profuse bearer of good sized reddish-yellow fruit of good quality. (On own roots.)

\*WOLF—Very thrifty grower. Fruit large, good quality, free-stone and ripens the last of August. A good market variety. Also a larger clingstone Wolf and Paul Wolf (Bender) which ripens 10 days later.

TERRY or FREE SILVER—A very choice newer sort, extra large good quality. A variety that deserves a generous planting. 5c extra.

\*STODDARD—A very productive, fine quality, large red plum with bluish loom. A great favorite for market or home use. Adapted to all soils.

\*SURPRISE—Upright, vigorous grower, fruits best on soils not too rich; fruit dark red, very large and attractive; has a long period of ripening, of finest quality for canning or eating.

\*WYANT—Spreading, thrifty grower, adapted to all soils. Fruit large, oblong, purplish-red, good quality and handles well; nearly a freestone. A very sure, heavy yielder.

\*DE SOTO—Spreading grower; does well on most all soils. Fruit good size and quality; yellow turning to red. Very liable to overbear and fruit must be thinned.

Aitkin, Hawkinson, Brittlewood, Hammer, New Ulm, Ocheeda, Hawkeye, Miner, etc. we can supply in limited quantities:

#### PLUM SEEDLINGS

### SAND or ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY

Perfectly hardy anywhere in the Northwest and valuable for variety in severe locations. As sure to grow as currant bush. It forms a very ornamental bush about five feet high; is a very early and prolific bearer. Fruit black, of a rather puckery sweet taste; nearly as large as standards. Those offered are seedlings grown from varieties improved by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota Experiment Station, and should be vastly superior to the Sand Cherry commonly offered. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10. Prepaid, mail size, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

PURPLE LEAF SAND CHERRY -A very at tractive nev form, having glossy purplish-red foliage. Being perfectly hardy, it is one of the choicest ornamentals, where color is desired. 50c each.



#### CHERRY—PLUM HYBRIDS

COMPASS CHERRY —This is a cross between the Miner plum and the Sand Cherry. It is perfectly hardy; an early and abundant bearer; 2-year trees bearing in nursery rews before being sent out. Fruit dark red, good flavor, both for eating and canning. Well worthy of a place either as an ornamental or in orchard. This variety has proven such a success that it is seldom we have stock enough, and orders for the larger sizes should be placed early.

1-year whips25c	each:	\$2.00	per	10:	\$18.00	per	100
3 to 5 feet	oneh.	2 00		10.	25.00	200	100
						her	100
4 to 6 feet50c	each:	4.50	per	10:	40.00	per	100
5 to 7 feet							
6 to 8 feet\$1.00	each;	7.50	per	10			



Compass Cherry

OPATA —Is a cross between a Sand Cherry and Burbank's Gold Hansen's hybrids. Like the Compass, it bears very heavy when 2 years old. Four-year-old trees having produced a bushel each. It blooms fully 10 days after the early plums and ripens early in August. Fruit is 1 3-16 inches in diameter, purple with bloom, very small pit, flesh green, sweet and pleasant.

1-year	whips (Postpaid, 40c)	.35c	each:	\$3.00	per	10
3 to 5	feet	.50c	each;	4.00	per	10
	feet					
5 to 7	feet	.75c	each;	7.00	per	10

#### (Following Sorts at Same Prices.)

SAPA —A cross between the Sand Cherry and the Sultan Plum. Like the Opata, it is hardy "as an oak" and very early and prolific fruiter. Makes a smaller, more bushy tree. Fruit is a little larger; 10 days later; dark purple and rich red flesh.

HANSKA and KAGA are crosses of the American Plum and Chinese Apricot (P. Simoni). Rapid growers, entirely unlike any of our native plums. Fruit has very small pit, firm yellow flesh, good quality—of an apricot flavor when cooked; 1½ inches in diameter, flat and has a beautiful, heavy blue bloom. Kaga is earlier and larger than Hanska.

CHERESOTO and SANSOTO are DeSoto x Sand Cherry hybrids, having size of DeSoto and color of the Sand Cherry. Sansoto being round and Cheresoto long and pointed. Small pit and pleasant quality.

WACHAMPA is of the same pedigree as Sapa. Excellent quality, small pit, very heavy yielder; fruit smaller and tree of more vigorous, upright growth. These hybrids are very promising fruits for home use especially. All perfectly hardy and early producers.

8 Varieties 3 to 5 feet \$3.50. 1-year whips \$2.50.

#### **CHERRIES**

Cherries delight in elevated or well-drained soils and gentle southern slopes. If not on their own roots, they should be planted deep and allowed to grow in bush form. Plant about the same distance apart as plums, spray to keep foliage healthy; that in turn will increase hardiness and productiveness. The varieties given below are giving the best satisfaction and deserve more extensive planting.

 3 to 5 feet
 .35c each; \$3.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100

 4 to 6 feet
 .45c each; 4.00 per 10; 30.00 per 100

HOMER—The only cherry grown and marketed in any quantity in the state. Very hardy and productive. An annual bearer, which ripens its dark red fruit very evenly. All offered are on their own roots, and we confidently believe will thrive and prove satisfactory and profitable in all favorable locations.

WRAGG—Strong, rather spreading grower; early and prolific bearer of dark red, good sized, rather acid fruit. Very highly spoken of wherever planted. Trees of this variety growing on our grounds seldom miss a crop.

EARLY RICHMOND—A very popular variety. Fruit is about the same size and color as the Wragg, but earlier and more acid. A vigorous grower, but not productive with us.

**POSTHEIM**—One of the best Russian varieties that is proving hardy and productive. Very desirable. Fruit nearly black; juicy and of good size.

MORELLO, MONTMORENCY, etc., we can supply at same prices.

NATIVE BLACK, RED and CHOKE CHERRY-See page 37.

#### HARDY FRUITS FLOWERS TRANDS AND ORNAMENTALS



#### GOOSEBERRIES

Prepaid mail sizes (1-year plants) at same prices.

They are easily grown and should be more extensively planted. Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 4 feet in the row. Trim out some of the old wood occasionally and apply manure or mulch to keep in a healthy and vigorous

CARRIE Very hardy, healthy and productive. Best all-round gooseberry grown. It is nearly thornless, and this fact alone brings it into popular favor. By its clustering habit, fabulous yields result. It will please all who give it a trial. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10, \$15.00 per 100

\*HOUGHTON—Light red when ripe. Very hardy, productive and reable. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100. liable

DOWNING—Light green, larger than Houghton. Vigorous and productive. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

PEARL—A newer sort, similar to the Downing, but generally reported as hardier, larger and free from mildew. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. \*CHAMPION—One of the most hardy, healthy and reliable sorts. In great demand, and hence we seldom have stock enough to list. Grows like the Houghton, but more thrifty. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

\*MOUNTAIN SEEDLING—Much like Houghton but larger and maggrous. Hardy and productive. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

RED JACKET—The best of all large red varieties. Perfectly hardy, healthy and quite a vigorous grower. Prolific and well worthy of more general planting. '25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

#### **CURRANTS**

Two- and 3-year Plants 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100.

One-year Plants prepaid at same prices.

No fruit will better repay for generous treatment than currants. They do best in rich, cool soils. Mulching and cultivating between is a good plan. Currant worms can be destroyed by spraying with a solution of white hellebore one ounce, to three gallons of water. Spray as soon as they

appear.

WHITE GRAPE—Best white variety. Should be more extensively planted, as no variety is sweeter and better for table use.

BLACK NAPLES—The best of its kind, vigorous and productive, fruit good size and quality, fine for jelly.

RED DUTCH—Standard red, vigorous and productive.

VICTORIA—Red, later than Red Dutch, productive, vigorous and not so acid.

LONDON MARKET—A dark red variety of great merit. Vigorous growth and very productive. Bunches short, but fruit of good size and quality. As good an allround variety as one could wish for.

NORTH STAR—Strong grower, ranks well with the Victoria; clusters large, long, abundant. Repays well for good care.

LONG BUNCH HOLLAND—The best of late red varieties, vigorous and productive, fruit clusters long and of large size.

CHERRY—An old, very large, vigorous and productive sort, especially when given good culture or on rich soils.

POMONA —One of the newer sorts and healthy; good size and excellent quality. Bright red, ripens early. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

RED CROSS—A vigorous, productive new variety, long clusters of large, bright berries of best quality. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10. berries

WILDER—An upright, vigorous, early variety. Fruit very large and mild acid, bright red, productive. A choice sort for all purposes. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

PERFECTION This new variety has so many superior points that it is rightly named Perfection. A bright red, mild acid, very large berry. Prolific and healthy. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

ALPINE Improved Crandall and Golden Currants—See page 31.





#### GRAPES

A few of the hardiest varieties should at least be planted by every lover of a home. They can be trained alongside of a building or fence, occupy but little space, and be ornamental as well as useful. They do best in a warm, sunny location, where there is good drainage and circulation of air. Plant vines in a slanting position to facilitate covering. Plant in rows 8 feet apart each way. Prune in the fall and cover with earth. Erect trellis for them to run on after the second season, using four plain wires. Prune back the laterals to 2 or 3 buds each fall. This will give plenty of wood for the new fruiting growth to come from.

#### HARDY VARIETIES.

BETA —A perfectly hardy very early black grape, ripening about ties in order to keep up the size of the fruit. Its thrift, hardiness and productiveness make it especially valuable for general planting in the Northwest, also for covering arbors or porches. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. \*DAKOTA and \*SUELTER—Similar to the Beta. Of more vigorous growth, very productive, maturing about a week later. Dakota is sweeter and more compact. 35c each.

HUNGARIAN —Claimed to have come from Hungary and was planted on a farm near Cokato, Minn., where the original still stands in the top of an elm on the farm of Mr. Stifter. An early ripening sort, without the foxy flavor of the wild grape. Good size, sweet to the taste, compact bunch and vigorous as well as perfectly hardy without covering. Not as thrifty grower as Beta, but more productive and of better quality. £75c each; \$6.00 per 10.



PRICE OF GRAPES-15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100. Prepaid 1-year vines at same price.

#### BLACK VARIETIES

concord—Black. Thrather late for this section. The most popular and common American grape, but

JANESVILLE—Very hardy black grape; desirable for severe location. Bunch smaller and very compact, fair quality, colors early.

WORDEN Similar to Concord. Larger and better berry. Ripens several days earlier, very hardy, vigorous, productive.

MOORE'S EARLY—Black, larger berry than Concord. Standard early grape. Hardy and free from disease.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—A fine, very large, black grape, combining the good qualities of the Concord and Moore's Early; ripens before the latter and is superior. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

McPIKE—If you desire a very large, early, black grape, the McPike will not disappoint; thrifty and productive. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

#### WHITE VARIETIES

**DIAMOND**—Fine, white, very hardy, ripening a few days after Moore's Early; vigorous and productive, of fine quality.

NIAGARA—A vigorous and very productive white variety. Bunches very large and compact and of fine quality, ripens a few days before Concord.

POCKLINGTON—A late, very productive, large, compact, white sort, very healthy, hardy and of good quality.

#### **RED VARIETIES**

**DELAWARE**—Medium size, red, ripening early; very sweet. Best in quality and brings good price; hardy and productive; requires rich soil.

WYOMING RED—Similar to Delaware, but very early; sweet and spicy; more vigorous and larger; should be given more room and not pruned as close.

BRIGHTON—One of the best early red grapes. Good quality and size; vigorous, hardy and productive.

AGAWAM.—Red, large berries having a rich aromatic flavor. Ripens with Concord and keeps well into winter. Strong grower and productive.

The Beta as a wine grape is worth considerable but is not to be compared with the HUNGARIAN for the table. If I am any judge, a grape that will last FOUR WEEKS is a valuable thing for a cold climate.—Seth H. Kenney, Waterville, Minn., 2-15-13.



#### STRAWBERRIES

ORDER EARLY AND
PLANT EARLY in the
spring in thoroughly prepared ground in rows 3½
to 4½ feet apart and from
1½ to 2 feet in the row.
1½ to 2 fe



of some staminate variety among them every third row as a pollenizer.

If plants appear rather dry when received, do not set at once unless weather is very tavorable, but open the bunches and heel them in some shadd damp place for a few days. Do not wet the tops and leave them in the bunches, or decay will set in. Plants should be sent by express or mail. We cannot assume the risk or guarantee their safe arrival by freight.

Our plants are fresh dug for each order and put up in bunches of 25.

give the best of results.

We guarantee them equal to any "Pedigree" plants on the market.

on the market.

#### PRICE OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

25c per 25; 75c per 100; \$6.00 per 1,000; 5,000 or more, \$5.00 per 1,000. Postpaid, 25c per 100 extra.

\*BEDERWOOD (Per.)—One of the best for home use and as a pollenizer; early; light red, fine size and quality. A most reliable and productive early

BLACK BEAUTY (Imp.)—A late, productive, vigorous, dark, solid color, firm berry of the "fig type". Large, very aromatic and sweet. A new sort, of merit.

BRANDYWINE (Per.)—A large, late, firm, deep red berry. Very popular for a late variety.

\*CRESCENT (Imp.)—Early, of medium size, bright red, very prolific, even under neglect. An old, reliable, very hardy variety.

COMMONWEALTH (Per.)—Large, late, dark red, nearly round berry; firm and of excellent quality. Thrifty and very productive. One of the best late berries.

CORSICAN (Imp.)—Very large, dark red, firm berries; perfect in form and very productive; a fancy, early variety.

CLYDE (Per.)—Large, round, bright red, moderately firm, mid-season berry. A great yielder on clay soils especially. One of the best.

EARLY HATHAWAY (Per.)—Berries firm and of good quality. Thrifty and productive. A most excellent early sort.

FENDALL (Imp.)—A great producer of big berries of quality. For pollenized, it holds the record: 9 to the quart, or 16,700 quarts per acre. For a fancy berry it deserves generous planting. \$1.00 per 100.

GLEN MARY (Per)—Thrifty, productive, dark red, early sort of excellent quality. A good commercial berry.

\*HAVERLAND (Imp.)—When properly pollenized, this berry will outyield any sort we know of. Very hardy, thrifty, of excellent quality. A grand berry for either home use or near market. Too soft to ship.

HERITAGE (Per.)—Very large, new, early, long season berry; exceptionally good foliage and root system. One of the handsomest, large producers. \$1.00 per 100.



JOHNSON'S EARLY (Per.)-Early. Healthy, vigorous. Berries large,

JOHNSON'S EARLY (Per.)—Early. Healthy, vigorous. Berries large, glossy; flavor excellent.

\*LOVETT (Per.)—A good grower and producer of fruit of good size, color and flavor. An all-round variety that does well on all soils.

MARIE (Imp.)—Berries are round, dark red, and first class in every respect, holding up in size well to the last. Hard to beat for an all-round variety.

\*SEN. DUNLAP (Per.)—One of the best all-round sorts, and without question is the most popular variety ever introduced. Berries medium size, firm, dark colored, uniform, and is very productive. A great plant maker, and for the best results the late runners should not be allowed to set. A great commercial berry.

STEVENS' LATE CHAMPION (Per.)—One of the latest berries to ripen. Thrifty, very productive and has good foliage. Fruit bright red, firm and of good uniform size.

\*SPLENDID (Per.)—Vigorous and very productive. Resists drouth well. Fruit firm, good color and quality. Seems to succeed well everywhere.

\*SOUTH DAKOTA (Per.)—A cross of our cultivated sorts with the wild strawberry of Manitoba. Where hardiness is desired, we especially recommend it. Fruit is dark red, medium size, excellent quality, very thrifty and productive.

ductive.
SAMPLE (Imp.)

SAMPLE (Imp.)—A great favorite with commercial growers generally. Has a long season of ripening, ideal shape, firm, good flavor and dark red.

UNCLE JIM (Per.)—Large, late, mild acid berry, of best quality. Productive and especially valuable for fancy home trade. Sometimes called Dornan.

Dornan.

WM. BELT (Per.)—A very large bright red, wonderfully productive berry of excellent quality that is a great favorite under good culture.

WARFIELD (Imp.)—This and the Sen. Dunlap are without question the two most popular commercial berries, and make an excellent pair. Dark red, firm, medium size berries, producing great crops on rich, moist soil and under good culture.

We also have a limited stock of Cardinal (Per.), King Edward (Per.), Pride of Michigan (Per.), Norwood (Per.) at \$1.00 per 100.

## EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

For the home fruit garden, these Fall bearing or Everbearing Strawberries will be a very interesting acquisition. Most of them bloom and set twice the fruit they can mature to advantage; and where size is desired (even on rich soil and with an abundance of moisture), some of the fruit buds should be picked off. The Superb, Productive, Iowa and Autumn do not produce a satisfactory crop the first year if the blossoms are removed more than once or twice. They do not produce a superabundance of blossoms, while the Francis, Americus, Progressive and Pan American will blossom profusely no matter the time of the year, if it is not actually freezing. The next year after planting, disbud only once or twice during May. If you desire plants, cut all bloom off; for fruit, allow none or only the first runners to set. Plants set early in the spring, will start bearing in August and continue until severe freezing weather. From 700 plants set last spring an Excelsior, Minnesota, grower sold over \$50.00 in fruit, having a continuous picking from August 15th to October 17th.

PRICE: \$1.00 per 10: \$2.00 per 25: \$7.00 per 100 POSTPAID

PRICE: \$1.00 per 10; \$2.00 per 25; \$7.00 per 100, POSTPAID.

(Per)—Very hardy, persistent yielder, of good size, finest quality fruit. A good plant maker Fruits on runners as well as old plant. At its best AMERICUS and one of the very best. on retentive clay soils.

AUTUMN (Imp.)—One of the first varieties introduced. A thrifty grower. Fruit medium size, excellent quality, dark crimson. Will bear an enormous crop of fruit at the regular season in June and a fair crop in the fall of both the first and second years, if the blossoms are removed once in the spring.

FRANCIS (Per.)—Only a moderate grower, but a very persistent fruiter of large, glossy red, good quality berries. Like the Americus if fruits on runner plants as well and they often bloom before sufficiently rooted. Hence, if not watched, they will "run out" or bear themselves to death.

IOWA (Per.)—Very productive when allowed to fruit in June. Plants are very large and model growers. It bears a small crop of fruit in the fall of the first year and a good crop in the fall of the second year. The berries are good size and symmetrical but lack in quality. Does best on heavy clay soils.

PROGRESSIVE (Per.)—Fruit and plant resemble Senator Dunlap and Pan-American). A great plant maker and as it produces on runers it is an enormous yielder. An ideal, hardy plant and fruit but lacks

quality, produced only on old plants. A good shipper. It bears a fair crop in the fall of the first year and a large crop in June and fall of the second year.

Does well on most any soil.

This is the original and parent of all better

PAN AMERICAN (Per.)—This is the original and parent of all better rts. A poor plant maker but productive and of good quality.

SUPERB (Per.)—Generally conceded to be the best of its class.

Strong, healthy grower; seems to succeed everywhere.

Berries are large, glossy, round, firm and of good quality. Produces a good crop on old plants the first season and if bloom is kept off in May will produce abundantly the second fall.



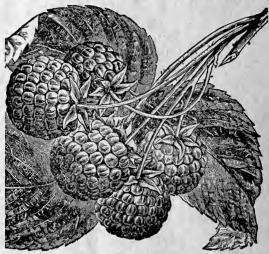
#### RASPBERRIES

Succeed well on any good soil. May be planted either in fall or spring; use two plants to the hill. Plant red varieties 3 feet apart in rows 6 feet apart. The blackcap and purple cap, varieties should be planted in rows 3 by 8 feet apart. When blackcaps are about 18 inches they should be nipped back so as to cause them to branch. Covering is not usually necessary, but insures affecter crop and will repay for the added labor. Our plants are all dug from new plantations, which is of great importance, and are free from root gall, which is becoming such a serious disease in some sections.

#### RED AND YELLOW VARIETIES

30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$15.00 per 1,000. PREPAID BY MAIL—1c each extra.

SUNBEAM —Hardiest raspberry yet introduced. Sent out by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota Experiment Station, being a cross between the wild raspberry from North Dakota, and a purple sort. Vigorous and very productive. Fruit of good size, dark red, rather



acid, and of ever-bearing habit. Is well spoken of by all who have tried it. 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

ST. REGIS — The wonderful new ever-bearing Raspberry, Very productive same season planted and has a very long fruiting season. Berry firm, good size, brilliant crimson. A grand variety. 70c per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

IDAHO, HERBERT, EATON and RUBY-New sorts, same price as St. Regis

CRIMSON QUEEN—A new Iowa variety, thrifty and very productive-Fruit very large, bright red and of good quality. The berry with usis so large it is inclined to crumble, hence not a good commercial fruit. It may improve with further trial. 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

KING — V e r y thrifty and productive. Berries are large, bright red, firm and of good quality. The best early variety and one that is giving general satisfac-tion for home use or market. market.

\*MINNETONKA
IRON CLAD—A very
hardy late variety. Berries are large, firm, dark
red and of good quality,
very productive and
thrifty.



MARLBOROUGH—Hardy and productive; early, firm, bright red, large, but not of the best quality. A good market berry.

MILLER—A very firm, bright red, early berry that is in favor in many sections as a commercial sort. Very hardy, thrifty and productive.

LOUDON—Berry firm, large, bright crimson; keeps up in size, hangs on well and is of good quality; mid-season to late.

SHIPPERS' PRIDE—Very hardy, productive; medium size, late, very firm, of good quality; a fine sort.

\*\*TURNER—Heady standard variety, early and of good quality; medium

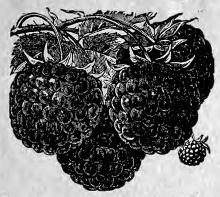
\*TURNER—Hardy, standard variety; early and of good quality; medium ze. Rather soft for market.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Very similar to the Cuthbert, only color is a beautiful yellow. Best of the yellow varieties.



#### "CAP RASPBERRIES

These varieties should receive more attention for home use. They give a pleasing variety and are much preferred by many in flavor when canned. They do not sprout, but grow from the layered ends of branches (tips). The



new growth comes from buds among the roots and they should be carefully handled; planted early, shallow and two in a hill for best results. Transplants are tips grown one year longer in the nursery, and where they can be had are superior in every way for planting.

Tips, 30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$17.00 per 1,000. Prepaid, 1c each extra. Transplants, 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000.

#### **PURPLE**

COLUMBIAN A very hardy, purple cap variety; berries are very large, juicy and quite firm. Should be in every fruit garden, as they prolong the berry season often for a month after other varieties have disappeared. They are vigorous growers, hardy and very productive. Even if tops are severely killed back they seldom fail a crop, as they will fruit a garde compiler up from the bear. canes coming up from the base.

HAYMAKER—Similar to Columbian in fruit, but canes are hardier, more vigorous, not as thorny. Fruit adheres to stem and is not as large.

ROYAL PURPLE—This new purple cap is almost an ideal, if it very free from thorns; large, firm, good quality fruit which does not stick to the stem. Has a very long fruiting season. Tips, 70c per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

#### **BLACK**

\*PALMER—The earliest black cap; very hardy, vigorous and productive.

KANSAS—Ripens a few days after Palmer. Berries large, firm and of good quality.

PLUM FARMER —Very hardy and free from disease. Fruit very large, early and has a grayish cast like the Gregg. A good early commercial sort. Tips, 50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.

BLACK DIAMOND—Strong, healthy grower; same season as Kansas. Large jet black fruit, with few seeds. A new variety of merit. Ripens its wood remarkably well for such a vigorous grower.

CONRATH—A very healthy, hardy and productive mid-season variety. One of the best black caps.

\*OLDER—A very healthy medium and productive mid-season variety.

\*OLDER—A very hardy, medium early and reliable bearer. Fruit large, having very small seeds and of fine quality.

CUMBERLAND

—The largest black cap raspberry grown.

Hardy, vigorous and very productive. A

very firm and attractive berry, and is one of the best for commercial purposes.

GREGG—A very popular late variety. An enormous yielder under good

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY —A beautiful Japanese fruit, growing to a height of 18 inches. Suckers freely, and hence should only be planted in permanent locations. Its deep green foliage, white flowers and large bright scallet berries make it an attractive ornamental. Valuable for canning but not as a fresh fruit. 10c each, 50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.

#### LUCRETIA **DEWBERRY**

A low growing trailing form of the blackberry. Fruit of large size, soft, sweet and luscious; early and productive. Its habit of growth adapts it to the North and makes it easy to protect. During the early part of the season the new growth should be nipped back frequently or else "tipped." Does best on light soils that are not too rich. Too much of the dewberry goes to the growth of new vines, which, if unchecked, cover the fruiting vines so completely as to smother the erop.

30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100.





## **EWALD FOLDING** BERRY BOXES

The Best Box Made







They are made of Birch veneer, and come in 16-quart crates of 125, or 24-quart crates of 168, all made up and ready for use. The neatest, most conven-ient and serviceable box on the market, and they cost you no more than others. The Hallock Standard Dry Measure, holding 67 2-10 cubic inches, is the style offered, which is the legal quart box in Minn. and Wis. If wine quart (Michigan) box is desired, specify.

All orders for boxes, etc., should be placed as early as possible. Special prices quoted on large orders. Sample mailed free.

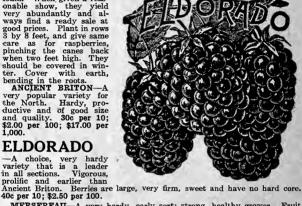
PRICES.		
Boxes-Quart or Pint (crated)500		for \$5.00
Crates-24 quarts (not made up)15c	each; \$10.00	per 100
Crates—16 quarts (not made up)10c	each; 8.50	per 100
Crates-24 pints (not made up)10c	each; 8.50	per 5100

## BLACKBERRIES

PREPAID-1c each extra.

They do best on a sandy loam. When given a reasonable show, they yield very abundantly and always find a ready sale at good prices. Plant in rows 3 by 8 feet, and give same care as for raspberries, pinching the canes back when two feet high. They should be covered in winter. Cover with earth, bending in the roots.

ANCIENT BRITON—A very popular variety for the North. Hardy, productive and of good size and quality. 30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$17.00 per 1,000.



**ELDORADO** 

MERSEREAU—A very hardy, early sort; strong, healthy grower. Fruit is exceptionally large, firm and of good quality. A new sort that promises well. 40c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.

SNYDER—A very hardy, early variety. Berries are of medium size and good quality. A leader in this section. 30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$17.00 per 1,000.

STONE'S HARDY—An exceptionally hardy, early, vigorous sort. Prolific and of good quality, but fruit is somewhat smaller. 20c per 10; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

#### DWARF JUNEBERRY

Prepaid Mail Size at Same Prices.

Perfectly hardy, very ornamental and fruitful. Fruit resembles the blueberry; borne in attractive clusters, bluish black, blossoms white; fine for canning. Should be in every garden or grounds. 20c each, \$1.50 per 10.

\*SUCCESS—An improvement on the native Dwarf Juneberry. Bush is more upright and it produces regular crops of good sized fruit. Fine for ornamental purposes also. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

## **BLUEBERRY, CRANBERRY AND WINTERGREEN**

These are native low-growing vines or plants. We have many calls for them for experimental planting and can supply. Prepaid, 5c each; 30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100.

#### HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY

Very similar in habit and appearance to the Snowball. Hardy, does well generally and is not subject to disease. A choice ornamental and is very beautiful in the fall when covered with its large clusters of red berries. They are acid, valuable for jelly. 4-year (stocky), 50c; 3-year, 35c; 2-year, or prepaid mail size, 25c each, \$2.00 per 10.

#### BUFFALO BERRY

A very hardy, drouth-resisting shrub attaining a size of 12 to 15 feet. There are two sexes—the pistillate form only bearing when properly pollenized from the staminate variety, hence they should be mixed when planted. Fruit red, similar to currants, and valuable for jelly. Sets same close to branches and in great abundance. Hangs for a long time; very ornamental and desirable; valuable also for low windbreaks. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each; 5 to 6 feet, 50c each; 4 to 5 feet, 35c each, \$3.00 per 10; 3 to 4 feet, 25c each, \$2.00 per 10; 2 to 3 feet, and prepaid mail size, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

#### RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

Deep, rich soil is necessary to secure large stalks; it cannot be too rich. Plant 4 feet apart and so that crowns are about 2 inches below the surface; apply manure in the fall as a mulch and fork it in the spring.

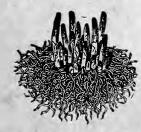
LINNAEUS—Early, large, productive and tender; the best of all; not so acid as others; strong roots. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$7.00 per 100. Prepaid, 15c each.

#### HORSERADISH

Will thrive in any soil and is a useful condiment. Plant 12 inches apart in row alongside of the garden and about 2 inches below the surface. If in digging, the crown or some of the smaller roots are left it readily renews itself. Strong sets, 10c each; 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100. Prepaid, 50c for 10.



#### ASPARAGUS



A bed or row planted along the outer edge of the garden where it will not be disturbed in plowing, will last almost indefinitely with proper care, and give an increasing crop each season. It responds readily to high cultivation, rich soil and good care, but is perfectly hardy and at home on almost any well-drained soil. A rich, sandy loam is best, as this warms up quickly and gives a much earlier crop. Rows should be three feet or more apart, and plants one to two feet in the row. Set them four to six inches deep, covering gradually as growth is made. Apply fertilizer in June and harrow in. An occasional use of salt will help to keep down the weeds.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—A standard commercial variety of large size, tender and excellent quality.

PALMETTO-One of the best all-round varieties. Early, good size and 

Was well pleased with nursery stock received from you last year. Everything grew.—D. E. R., Pelican Lake, Wis. '2-26-13.

I received the shrubs and plants promptly. Am very much pleased with everything. Thank you for the extras.—G. K. B., Alton, Ia. 6-4-13.

## BULBS FOR FALL PLANTING

TULIPS Plant in the fall about four inches below the surface and six inches apart. A covering of leaves and straw will be appreciated. They bloom early, and the great variety and brilliancy of colors make them a universal favorite. We offer an extra fine mixture of Early Single, Early Double, Late Single, Late Double and Parrot (single leaf). Prepaid, 30c per 10; \$2.00 per 100.

# CROCUS, SNOWDROPS, CHINODOX AND SCILLA

These early blooming little favorites are hardy and give good satisfaction even under neglect. Culture the same as tulips, only plant about 2 inches deep. 20c per 10; \$1.50 per 100, prepaid.

NARCISSUS Or Daffodils—Culture is the same as tulips. All are very hardy except the Polyanthus, and are also well adapted to house culture. Some are very sweet scented; double and single; forming many charming combinations of white to pure yellow. Postpaid, 35c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.





HYACINTH —Among all the bulbs used for winter flowers the Hyacinth stands foremost. Plant in a glass filled with water or in pots or boxes in soil. They should be allowed about three weeks to root before forcing into bloom. Single and double blue, red, white, with various shades. Not hardy for outdoor planting in the Northwest. Choice bulbs, postpaid, 15e each; \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100.

Got an order from you last spring and everything grew nicely.—Mrs. L. W. W., Cando, N. Dak. 10-6-13.

Please mail catalog. Had some of your trees and berries and they did fine. Expect to use more in the spring.—O. F. A., Ambrose, M. Dak. 1-2-14.



#### **PEONIES**

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY of this grand, hardy flower and have over 100 of the best varieties in stock. Many of the newer sorts are marvels of beauty and fragrance.

and fragrance.

They are perfectly hardy, even in the far North, and at the very low prices we are now offering them they should be liberally used in all decorative plantings. Plant early in the fall or spring in rich, well-prepared soil so the crowns are about two inches below the surface.

#### PRICES OF PEONIES.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Mixed or unnamed sorts	\$0.20	\$1.50	\$ 8.00
Divisions and prepaid mail size (named)	.25	2.00	15.00
X or blooming size (named)		3.50	25.00
XX or 2-year clumps (named)	.75	6.00	40.00
XXX or 3-year clumps (named)	1.00	8.00	65.00
SPECIAL COLLECTIONS			
	Per 10	Per 20	Per 100
Strong divisions (our selection)	. \$2.00	\$3.50	\$12.00
X size (our selection)	. 3.00	5.00	20.00
XX or 2-year size (our selection)	. 5.00	8.00	. 30.00
XXX or 3-year (our selection)	. 7.00	12.00	50.00

#### WHITE AND YELLOW PEONIES

COURONNE D'OR —(Crown of Gold)—Very large, full, late, pure white, with a circle of yellow. Extra

fine. 25c extra.

DUCHESS DE NEMOURS—Sulphur white, full center, large outside petals, fragrant and very popular. 20c extra.

DUKE OF WELLINGTON—A creamy white, strong grower, fragrant and

prolific.

FESTIVA ALBA—A fine white, but not as large or fragrant as the following.

Center almost yellow, but falls white; a low, compact grower, and free bloomer.

FESTIVA MAXIMA —The finest early white in existence; very large and fragrant, full double thrifty and very free bloomer, center petals often tipped crimson. One of thrifty and very free bloomer, center pe the choicest among them all. 15c extra.

GOLDEN HARVEST —Blush outside, yellow center with tuft of petals that are longer in the center and often splashed with red. Very prolific and fragrant; choice. 25c

IRENE—Bright pink outside, center fringed yellow, but falls pure white.

LA TULIP—Very large, late, delicate pink, fading to white, center and outside tipped with carmine. 250 extra.

MADAM CROUSSE —The best pure white. Very large, full double, fragrant; a tall, strong grower

and free bloomer. 25c extra.

MADAM LEMOINE—An early, fragrant, solid light pink fading to white. Very free bloomer. 15c extra.

MADAM DE VERNEVILLE—Guard petals sulphur white, center delicate rose white, one of the most desirable of the white Peonies for all purposes. 25c extra.

QUEEN VICTORIA —Anemoneflora or Whittleyi—A fine standard white, good keeper, very free bloomer and fragrant. Blush pink, falls white.

SADA EVANS—Large, rosy pink with yellow fringed center. Fades to a

white. 15c extra.
WHITE FRINGE—A choice semi-double white, center finely fringed.

#### PINK AND LIGHT ROSE PEONIES

ALEXANDER DUMAS—Brilliant pink, interspersed with white and salmon. Very early and free; fine for cutting.

—Very choice, full double, fragrant, light pink, falling almost white, very prolific. 20c extra.

ARSINE MURAT —Light pink, with stamens, very prolific CHARLEMAGNE—Large, full, clear shell pink, late.

DELICATESSIMA —Large, clear, delicate pink, fragrant and very prolific. The most popular

of its color...
DORCESTER—Delicate flesh pink, very double, late and handsome.

gem. 20c extra.
gem. 20c extra.
EDULIS SUPERBA—Shell pink, large, fragrant, early .
ELORAL TREASURE—Full, clear bright pink, large and fragrant.
HUMEI CARNEA—Large, late, fine flesh pink; double and fragrant.

Early, fragrant, light pink, strong,

L'ESPERENCE —Early, fragrant, light pink, strong, free bloomer; a general favorite and one of the

best.
LUCIE MAILLARD—Soft violet pink, silvery border, full double, low, compact grower

MADAM LEBON ate, one of the choicest. 25c extra.

MME. CHAUMY—Bright, soft pink, late, large, full double and free bloomer.

MODEL DE PERFECTION—Free bloomer and fragrant; rosy pink, center finely cut and somewhat variegated, but turns to solid light pink.

MRS. DOUGLAS—Pale rose, becoming nearly white, choice. 10c extra

NE PLUS ULTRA—A bright, pretty pink, fragrant, good "cut flower" sort.

PALLAS —A choice large pink edged white, with tufted center showing stamens, free bloomer. 35c extra.

PLENISSIMA—Dark pink outside, variegated lighter center, turning solid light pink, fragrant, free bloomer.

Was very much pleased with the Peonies you sent meplants and extras.—M. I. D., Anoka, Minn. 10-14-13. Thanks for large



TO AID PURCHASERS in the selection of varieties, we will ship, during the blooming season, cut-flowers of the different varieties, properly labeled. Each request must be accompanied by a remittance to cover postage and

#### RED AND DARK ROSE PEONIES

BERTHA-Large, late, bright red, full double, fragrant, showing stamens.

10c extra.
CARNATION—Bright crimson, fragrant and free, center fringed, fine. 10c

extra.

CRIMSON QUEEN—Brightest red, quilled center, fragrant, solid color, a choice sort. 10c extra.

DELACHII—Dark purplish crimson, large, very full, fragrant and free bloomer. One of the best of its color. 10c extra.

EXCELSIOR—Early, dark crimson, with loose tufted center. 10c extra.

FRAGRANS—Late rosy red, high full center, fragrant, vigorous grower and prolific. A popular old variety.

FRANCOLS ORTEGAT—Rich purplish crimson, showing stamens. A fine sort.

fine sort.

GRANDIFLORA RUBRA—Late, very large and full, LATIPETLA ROSA—Large, rose, with creamy center, fragrant, free bloomer.

LA SUBLIME—A very choice sort. Tall, fragrant, free bloomer, showing some stamens. Rich crimson, full double.

20c extra.
LOUIS VAN HOUTTE—Choice, brilliant crimson, free bloomer and quite

MIGRA—Darkest crimson, large, late, full double. 25c extra.
OFFICINALIS RUBRA—Early, deep crimson, an old favorite.

POTTSII —Early, dark crimson, with stamens. Semi-double, very free bloomer.

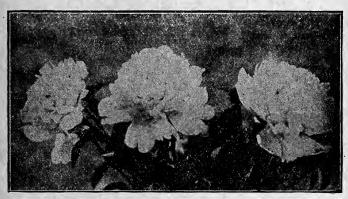
RUBRA SUPERBA —Very large, late double and fragrant.

Bright crimson and one of the very

choicest. 25c extra.

RUBRA TRIUMPHANS—Early, very dark, velvety red.

TENUIFOLIA —A fringed leaf form, very early, semi-double, crimson. 25c extra.



#### SINGLE PEONIES

There is a growing demand for Single Peonies, and justly so, for many of them are of marvelous beauty. As a cut-flower they do not have the lasting quality; but with the pronounced golden center of stamens and graceful form, they are very attractive and deserve a place in every collection.

DEFIANCE—Brilliant crimson, tall, free bloomer, early. 25c extra. GERTIE WEBSTER—Very large, tall, deep rose, similar to Miss MORRIS—The thriftiest, tallest and freest bloomer. WISS MORRIS—The thriftiest, tallest and present bloomers. Season. 25c extra.

Season. 25c extra.

NEPTUNE—A Japanese variety, bright red and of fine form and texture.
Foliage of plant is very glossy. 25c extra.

VESTA—Similar to above but not as large bloom.

MABEL—Purplish red.

MILLIE—Rosy pink. Free bloomer of good form.

LADY DARMOUTH—Light flesh pink, large petals, very handsome. 25c

QUEEN BESS—A very attractive light pink. SOPHIE—White.

MIXED SINGLES Mostly unnamed pink sorts. We can supply in strong divisions at 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; X size at 35c each; XX at 75c each. MIXED SINGLES

The planting of the school grounds won a fine testimonial from the state graded school inspector, because of the thrifty stock you furnished.—R. A. M., Dresser Junction, Wis. 10-1-13.
Received the trees O.K. and thank you for the good stock. Wishing you success.—Mrs. S. H., Grandin, N. D. 11-19-13.
Shrubbery came in fine shape and are a fine lot. Many thanks.—Mrs. B. J., Dalbo, Minn. 4-15-13.
Am much pleased with the stock. The peonies are so much better than I expected. Mrs. F. A. R., Arthyde, Minn. 11-10-13.
Enclosed find check for \$45.15 for the two shipments. Am well pleased with stock.—F. T. V., Menomonie, Wis. 5-14-13.



#### IRIS

This is among the most desirable and easiest grown of our hardy plants, producing in May and June their showy flowers of exquisite coloring, combining the richest and most delicate tints. For best results plant in a well-drained, sunny position, barely covering the roots. Avoid fresh manure in planting. We have a great variety in Siberian, Japanese, German, Pumila and Alpine. They range in height from 6 inches to over 3 feet, and have a blooming season of nearly two months. There are all shades of white, yellow, bronze, rose and blue. We have 50 other choice sorts besides the following. 20c each. Set of 10 for \$1.50; 20 for \$2.50 postpaid.

AUREA — Large, pure golden yellow. A Himalayan species. Blooms AUREA — Large, pure golden yellow. A Himalayan species. Blooms PUMILA and ALPINE HYBRIDS—These are dwarf (6 to 12 inches) early blooming Iris having flowers about as large as the German type. A new race that will be especially desirable for blooder plantings. Five varieties, postpaid, for \$1.00.

SIBERIAN BLUE — Tall, late, thrifty, purple, very hardy, free bloomer. Long, grassy foliage.

\*SIBERIAN WHITE—Pure white, of medium size, very free bloomer, on tall spikes. Foliage and growth less sturdy than the blue form.

\*SNOW QUEEN—Large, ivory-white flowers. Very thrifty and a rare variety of merit. 25c each.

The 3 Siberian Iris postpaid, \$0.50.

JAPANESE IRIS are tall, late bloomers, of immense size and the most gorgeous coloring. For best results they should receive some protection during the winter and transplanted every second season. We have about 20 very choice sorts. Postpainted every second season. We have about 20 very choice sorts.

planted every second season. maid, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

#### GERMAN IRIS

ALCEST—Golden yellow, veined bronze.

AUGUSTINE—Rich yellow, heavily veined with reddish brown.

BLUE BIRD—Early, indigo blue.

BRONZE—Light yellow, veined and tinged with red. 25c.

CELESTE—Pale lavender and purple falls.

DONNA MARIA—Lavender and purple falls.

DELICATA—Canary yellow, veined purple, very fragrant.

FLORENTINE—Early white, fragrant, tinged lavender.

HONORABILIS, or SANS SOUCL—Orange yellow, lower petals brown.

HECTOR—A very showy, velvety purple; light yellow standards.

wch.

25c HER MAJESTY-Deep reddish lilac, veined darker. Large, choice.

IGNITIA—Solid color, deep lavender, shaded lighter.

JACQUESIANA—Rich, velvety maroon, with coppery red standards. A noice tall sort. 25c each.

L'AVENIR—Pure light blue, very good.

LUCRETIUS—Royal purple veined white, white center.

MADAM CHEREAU—Choice, tall, white, edged with lavender.

MADAI KING—Rich golden yellow, veined purple. Large and fragrant.

MAORI KING—Rich golden yellow, veined purple. Large land magnitude 25c each.

OTHELLO, or SAPPHO—Velvety purple, standards lighter. Very good. PALCATA—Lavender, heavily veined with red and edged lighter. QUEEN EMMA—Pure white, veined with purple. 25c each. QUEEN OF GYPSIES—Lavender and bronze; tinged plum. SAMSON—Light yellow, veined with brown.

SILVER KING—Large, early, fragrant, solid lavender fading to white. 25c. TRAUTLIEB—Delicate rose, shading to white. 25c each.

#### **GLADIOLUS**

The ease of culture, great variety of colors, succession of bloom and many other points in their favor, make the Gladiolus one of the most desirable of our summer-blooming plants. They may be planted in succession any time from May 1st up to June with the assurance of blossoming that season. They will do well anywhere except on wet, cold and very heavy soils. Dig in the fall before severe freezing weather and keep in a dry place. Choice mixed consisting of Groff, Lemoin, Childst and Crawford strains. Prepaid, 35c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.

#### **DAHLIAS**



## **CANNAS**

These most useful and showy garden plants deserve more general planting. They grow very rapidly from dormant bulbs, which should be stored and handled much the same as Dahlias. Their luxuriant foliage and bright coloring give them first place among decorative and bedding plants. Green and bronze foliage, both dwarf and tall sorts, all standard named sorts. 15c each; \$1.25 per 10; \$10.00 per 100. Postpaid, 20c each.



#### PERENNIAL PHLOX

A general favorite because of the great range of colors, prefect hardiness and ease of culture. Gives a succession of bloom from July until severe frost, if some of the shoots are pinched back. Divide the clumps every third, year and enrich the soil for best results. They like plenty of moisture and do, well in partial shade. Very effective in shrubbery plantings. White, pink, red and variegated in both dwarf and tall. We have a large list of named sorts/following being the best all-round varieties of each color. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$12.00 per 100. 10 varieties, postpaid, \$1.50.

MIXED OR UNNAMED **SORTS**—15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$7.00 per 100.

MHITE.
MISS LINGARD—Very
early, free flowering, long spike.
FRAU A. BUCHNER—
Dwarf, medium early, very
large truss and flower.
VON LASSBURG—Vigorous,

pure white and very large.

REDS SIEBOLD-Brilliant scarlet

strong grower, of good form and foliage.
G. A. STROHLEIN—Large, bright scarlet with bright scarlet with crimson eye.

PINK and VARIEGATED.
ELIZABETH CAMPBEIL
Bright, salmon pink. A very handsome, large, newer sort.

SELMA—Tall, bright pink, with carmine eye. PANTHEON—Tall, bright,

carmine-rose.
RICHARD WALLACE—Tall white with maroon eye.
VON HOCHBERG—A very

crimson-purple.



DIVARICATA CANADENSIS—One of our native species (the wild Sweet William) which is worthy of extensive planting, commencing to bloom early in May. Large, fragrant, lavender flowers, 10 inches high. 20c each.

PHLOX SUBULATA OR MOSS PINKS

ALBA—A pure white form. These bloom in May and form a mossy carpet over the ground, appearing like a mass of snow when in bloom. A fine border or cemetery plant. 15c each.

AMOENA—Similar to above, only foliage is darker and blooms are rosy pink. 15c each.

15c each. pink.

#### LILIES

#### Prepaid, 20c each; set of 10 for \$1.50.

Plant deep from 6 to 8 inches, in well-drained soil, sandy loam preferred. Set to plant in October, but may be planted in early spring. Do very well when planted near shrubbery and give pleasing variety.

\*ELEGANS—Very hardy, blooms the last of June. Flowers are large and ttractive; bright red; borne in upright clusters. Also an earlier, tawny form, UMBEI).

(UMBEL).

\*MEADOW LILY (Canadense)—A native form which bears a profusion of drooping, bell-shaped red flowers. Also a Siberian form (TENUIFOLIA for CORAL LILY).

\*BLACKBERRY LILY (Par. Sinensis)—A hardy, odd form having orange-colored flowers, followed by berries which resemble a blackberry. Foliage like tha Liv

like the Iris. AURATUM-

like the Iris.

AURATUM—Mammoth, fragrant, pure white flowers, studded with crimson spots and having a golden band in center of each petal.

SPECIOSUM ROSEUM—White flowers shaded with deep rose color and red spots. Not fragrant, but quite hardy and very beautiful. Also a pure white form (ALBA).

\*TIGER LILY (Double and Single)—Bears large clusters of orange-red flowers, spotted with black; both are very desirable and succeed well everywhere. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

CANDIDUM, or Madonna Lily—Pure white, large, fragrant sort; is of easy culture, but should be planted in August or September for best results.



#### HEMEROCALLIS

HEMEROCALLIS
These are not true lilies, but have lily-like flowers and very ornamental grassy foliage. Very hardy, free bloomers and fine for cut flowers. 20c each. Set of 6 for \$1.00.
Graminea—Choice early yellow dwarf variety. 18 inches. Usually in full bloom for Decoration Day.
Dumorteri—Dwarf and early blooming variety of rich yellow; exterior is a bronzy orange. Two feet.
Flava—Lemon Lily—A fragrant, profuse bloomer of a handsome lemon yellow. Three feet. Blooms during July.
Thunbergii—A new, sweet-scented yellow, late blooming variety. Blooms in July. Three feet.
Fulva—The tall, old-fashioned orange day lily. Blooms during July and August. 4 feet.
Kwanso—A double flowering form of the above. Four feet.



#### STANDARD HARDY PERENNIALS

#### OUR COLLECTIONS WILL PLEASE YOU TRY THEM

10 VARIETIES 25 VARIETIES 50 VARIETIES 100 VARIETIES HARDY FLOWERS 3.00 SMALL PLANTS POSTPAID AT SAME PRICES 5.00 0.00

#### 20c Each, \$1.50 per 10.

The ease with which this class of plants may be grown and the great variety offered is making them more popular each year. They can be worked in here and there among other ornamentals and produce pleasing effects. Once planted they practically care for themselves and become "a joy forever." Plant all rather deep in fall or early spring. By picking off all blooms, as they fade, most varieties will be much thriftier. They delight in rich soils and appreciate a mulch of manure as soon as the ground freezes. Many sorts, such as phlox, achillea and daisies, should be transplanted or divided every third season to insure thrift.

ACHILLEA PEARL—Produces a wonderful profusion of double white flowers throughout the entire summer; beautiful and useful, particularly for borders or cemetery planting. 2 feet high.

HARDY ASTER (William Perkins)—An improved New England aster that is the last flower of the season to bloom. Bright purple. 4 feet.

ANTHEMIS (Hardy Marguerite)—Succeed on any soil and produce a bountiful supply of white and yellow aster-like flowers all summer. 15 inches.

BLEEDING HEART (Dielytra Spectablis)—Popular, hardy, ornamental, fine foliage, and drooping racemes of heart-shaped flowers, two feet, blooms in May and June.

EVER - BLOOMING BLEEDING HEART (Dielytra Exima)—A new dwarf form of the above, having delicate fern-like foliage and blooming in great profusion the entire season. 25c each.

BOCCOMIA (Plume Poppy)—Tall (5 to 6 feet), having odd tropical foliage and spikes of creamy white flowers during July and August. Choice for background, center or variety among backgroun shrubbery.

BOLTONIA — Very free blooming, aster-like plant, 4 to 5 feet tall; August to October. One of our showiest perennials.

1995 White and pink forms

CAMPANULA (Bell-flower) carpatica—Very free bloomer from June until ctober. Clear blue, very hardy, compact grower, one foot. October.

COREOPSIS (Lanceolata)—Very popular hardy plant with rich golden yellow, daisy-like blooms from June until frost. Choice for cutting, three feet.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia)—Prolific bloomers and range in all shades of white, blue, red and yellow. and single, three feet. and very desirable. Colors low. Season, June; double

F DELPHINIUM, or Hardy Larkspur—One of the most attractive and satisfactory of hardy perennials. We have them in both tall and dwarf sorts of white, sky blue and dark blue. Their long spikes of flowers appear from June until frost if not allowed to seed. 1 to 3 feet.



SHASTA DAISY—Requires some covering to insure wintering or must be transplanted every other season to keep up vitality. The blooms are very graceful, large, double and waxy white, having long stems. They will keep two weeks after being cut and have a long blooming season. One to two feet high.

PRINCESS HENRY DAISY (Chrys. Maximum)—Large white flowers similar to Shasta Daisy, but the plant is of a stockier growth. Season of bloom from June until frost, two to three feet high.

HARDY DAISY (Chrys. lacustrae, latifolium)—This is the hardiest daisy; very thrifty and free bloomer; not as coarse at the Princess Henry or as graceful as the Shasta, but a choice plant for the hardy border or for cut-flower purposes; three feet high.

#### Small Plants of Any Variety Can Be Sent By Mail

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus)—This popular old-fashioned flower is one of the choicest of our biennials. They bloom in June, are single and double; in a great variety of colors; very fragrant, and their tall stems and large heads make them excellent for cuting; 3 feet.

HARDY GARDEN or GRASS PINKS (Dianthus)—Profuse bloomers of sweet, single and double, clove-scented flowers. May and June; one foot.

FUNKIA VARIEGATA (Plantain Lily)—A very hardy form with green and white heart-shaped foliage, lavender, lily-like flowers in August.

F. GRANDIFLORA—A green foliage form having white flowers, sometimes used as a house plant; one foot.

HARDY FERNS—There is a growing demand for these native plants to use on the north and east (or shady side) of buildings, etc. We can supply the "Brake," Hardy "Wood" Fern, "Maiden Hair" Fern, and many other native sorts.

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA (Blanket Flower)—A very showy, daisy-like flower that continues one mass of bloom the entire summer. Flower dark reddish-brown; petals vary from scarlet-orange to crimson; 1 to 2 feet.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)—Blooms during August and September, forming a mass two feet or more through, of minute pure white flowers; very graceful and dainty for cutting purposes.

HOLLYHOCKS—This well known biennial is always admired and in demand for its attractive spikes. For planting among shrubbery or as a background it is without an equal.

HIBISCUS, or Mallow—A hardy perennial, much like the latter. Blooms in September; 4 feet. Their immense flowers make them very attractive.

**LATHYRUS** (Perennial Peas)—While lacking the delicious fragrance of the Sweet Peas, they are equally as beautiful and much earlier. Perfectly hardy, growing 6 to 8 feet tall, white, pink, red and purple.

\*LILY OF THE VALLEY—A well known little favorite. Does best in partly shaded locations. Pips 50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100. Clumps 20c each; \$1.50 per 100.

LOBELIA (Cardinal Flower)—Very attractive bright red, blooming during August and September on spikes about 2 feet tall. A native plant along streams, but does well under cultivation.

LUPINE—A very attractive native plant (18 inches), having spikes of blue, pea-like flowers in May and June.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA (Rose Campion)—A very hardy plant, free flowering, growing from 2 to 3 feet and having heads of bright scarlet; also a pink variety. July to September.

YELLOW LADY SLIPPER (Cypripendium Pubescens)—Minnesota State flower. These succeed best in partially shaded locations, moist, sandy loam preferable. 25c each.

MOCCASIN FLOWER, or Showy Lady Slipper (Cyp. Spectabile)—A rare and very beautiful white and pink form of the above. 25c each.

MINT—We often have a call for this plant which is valued for its pleasant aroma. Dark green foliage and small blue flowers. 6 inches.

ORIENTAL POPPY—Brilliant and free bloomers. For gorgeous display no other flowers equal them. Flowers are very large, crimson and the most attractive of all. After blooming in June the plants die back and do not reappear until September, at which time they transplant most safely. Care should be taken then that they are not cultivated out. They often bloom again in October.

**PLATYCODON** (Bell-Flower)—Very easy to grow in any well-drained son June to October. Blue and white bell-shaped flowers from June to October.

PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM—Single and double daisy-like flowers that are very graceful and pretty. These are mixed shades of white, red and pink and are splendid as cut flowers. Just in time for Decoration Day. 2 to 3 feet high.

PYRETHRUM ULIGNOSUM (Giant Daisy)—Grows 4 to 5 feet high and is a very free bloomer during August and September. Large, pure white flowers with yellow center.

RIBBON GRASS—Striped blades of green and cream color, 2 feet; fine for borders and variety. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

RUDBECKIA (Golden Glow)—Well worthy of a place in every garden. Makes a plant about six feet tall. Flowers yellow, large, aster-like, produced in great profusion during August and September. Valuable for use in the background with other flowers or for a quick growing screen.

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY-See page 19.

SEDUM—A low-growing, mossy or pulpy-leaved plant much used in cemetery borders or rockery work. Called also Stone Crop and Golden Moss. We have three dwarf varieties—yellow, white and purple flowers; also three taller forms. One, the Brilliant (25c each), grows about 15 inches high and has very attractive heads of red flowers.

SPIREA JAPONICA (Goat's Beard)—Elegant border plants with feathery plumes of white flowers and neat, attractive foliage, succeed best in a half-shaded location in rich, moist soil.

RUSSIAN VIOLETS—For border planting especially on the east or north exposure, these hardy little favorites will be appreciated. Large, purple, fragrant blooms. Double and single. They often bloom late in the fall also.

YUCCA (Adam's Needle, or Spanish Bayonet)—Foliage remains green the year round, and it is of a cactus nature; four feet. Flowers during July on a tall spike. Very ornamental and desirable. There are two varieties. Glauca is somewhat hardier than Filamentosa. 25c each.



#### ROSES

are the hardiest and most desirable of the various colors for the North. Most of them should be laid down and covered with earth before the ground freezes in the fall. Or, if too large for this, wrap with hay, etc., or bend to the ground as far as possible and cover with leaves, etc., placing boards over them to keep in place or an A-shaped trough. Always bend a plant in the roots as much as possible. By setting a plant in a slanting position when planted and removing the earth on that side when covering will make this much easier. Do not uncover too early in the spring. The perpetual bloomers will bloom finer if cut back to about a foot from the ground in the fall, covering by mounding with earth and manure. They should also be watered well occasionally during a dry spell. We aim to sell, as far as possible, only the hardiest sorts on their own roots. Budded roses are often a great disappointment owing to the seed-ling crowding out the true variety.

All roses should be cut back some when planted. The Hybrid Perpetuals especially should be cut back to about 6 inches from the ground.

Strong two-year plants. 30c each: \$2.50 per 10.

Strong two-year plants, 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.



#### HYBRID PERPETUAL.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—The best pure white perpetual bloomer, a gorous grower and bloomer.

MARGARET DICKSON-Creamy white, large, free bloomer, very thrifty. PAUL NETRON—Deep pink, very double, fragrant, blooms all summer; flowers are the largest of any variety.

MAGNA CHARTA—Pink, suffused carmine. A choice and vigorous growing variety.

CLIO—A very fine, large, flesh pink variety. Vigorous, healthy and free

bloomer.

ANNA DE DIESBACH—Clear, bright carmine-pink, very large, full and finely shaped; fragrant and a free bloomer.

BARON DE BONSTETTEN-Velvety blackish crimson; very large, double, fragrant flowers; a strong grower

PRINCE CAMULE DE ROHAN—A magnificent, free blooming, dark maroon-crimson.

MARSHAIL P. WILDER—Dark red; large, perfect flowers. Very free bloomer. One of the best.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Dark crimson, double, fragrant. Very popular and desirable.

ALFRED COLOMB-A large, full, fragrant, globular, bright crimson rose. A grand variety.

ULRICH BRUNNER—A large, cherry-red variety of fine form and great bstance. Vigorous and healthy. substance.

Set of 12 for \$3.00.

CRIMSON BABY RAMBLER—Finest and best all-round rose ever introduced. A dwarf Crimson Rambler. Hardy, healthy, blooms in clusters from June until frost. Valuable also as a pot plant.

PINK BABY RAMBLER, or Anna Muller—Similar to and a splendid companion for the above; bright pink; very free bloomer.

WHITE BABY RAMBLER or Katherine Ziemet—A white, free bleoming sort; very pretty with its golden stamens.

40c each. The three for \$1.00.

TREE ROSES These are grafted on hardy rose stalks about three feet high and are very ornamental. They bloom freely the same season they are planted. By wrapping thoroughly they can be wintered where they stand or lifted with a ball of earth and placed in a cool cellar. We offer only the best blooming red, white and pink Hybrid Perpetuals and Baby or Crimson Rambler. \$1.00 each.



## MOSS AND JUNE ROSES 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

Deep pink, very hardy and a free bloomer. Buds are ry beautiful. CRESTED MOSS deeply mossed and very beautiful.

HENRY MARTIN—Vigorous, free bloomer, light red, well mossed.

PRINCESS ADELAIDE—Very good, thrifty, large, bright pink.

SALET MOSS—Light rose, profuse bloomer. One of the hardiest and best

its class. RED VELVET The best hardy, dark red June rose; vigorous grower,

of its class.

RED VELVET—The best hardy, dark red June rose; vigorous grower, fragrant and prolific.

CABBAGE—Large, full double, bright pink. Fragrant, free bloomer, quite vigorous and hardy.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH—Large, pale pink, very double rose that is seldem damaged without covering. An old favorite.

SCOTCH ROSE—Very hardy and desirable for the North. Free bloomer, medium size foliage and bush. Pink.

MADAM PLANTIER—Pure white, very free bloomer. Nearly thornless, very hardy and vigorous. Sure to please.

PERSIAN YELLOW—Seldom injured if not covered. Flowers double and a free bloomer. Finest hardy yellow rose.

HARBISON'S YELLOW—A freer bloomer than the Persian, but not as double. Light yellow.

SWEET BRIER (Eglantine)—Very strong grower, single pink flowers and very fragrant foliage. We also can supply several new hybrids that retain the same fragrance, in various colors.

## 12 ROSES ONE EACH OF THESE \$3.00



30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

\*JAPANESE, or RUGOSA RUBRA (Red)—Perfectly hardy without covering. Foliage is of a glossy, dark green, heavy and wrinkled; very odd and ornamental. Flowers are large, single, fragrant and produced in abundance until frost, followed by large scarlet fruits. A good hedge rose. (See cut above). Two-year, \$15.00 per 100; 3-year, stocky, \$50c each.

\*BUGOSA ALBA (White)—Same as above, only flowers are pure white.

\*BLANCH DE COUBERT—Very vigorous, perfectly hardy, free blooming; double white; a choice variety.

SIE THOMAS LIPTON—A choice pure white double Rugosa Hybrid. A strong grower, quite hardy, producing large, fragrant, double white blooms from June until frost.

\*KAMCHATKA, or Double Red—Perfectly hardy, very vigorous and avery free bloomer in June. Dark red and fragrant. Not a true Rugosa, as foliage is small like our native. For a hedge 5 or 6 feet high it is the best rose we offer. As it sprouts freely, it soon becomes impenetrable and makes a clean, beautiful, upright hedge.

\*BELLE POITEVINE—Very hardy and vigorous; flowers are very large, double, deep rose.

double, deep rose.

ATROPURPUREA—Deep blackish crimson in the bud, opening to maroom crimson, flowers produced in large bunches and in great profusion. New; extra fine. 50c each.

MRS. ANTHONY WATERER—Large, semi-double, deep red flowers, very fragrant; an excellent, new, free-blooming variety. 50c each.

AGNES EMILY CARMEN—An extra fine, perpetual blooming Rugosa Hybrid. It is of vigorous growth and quite hardy; has semi-double, deep red flowers.

HANSA-Very similar to the above in foliage and blooms, but hardier and

healthier. NEW CENTURY The flowers are large, fragrant, double and bloom in through the summer. Deep red centers shading to pink

NEW CENTURY—The flowers are large, tragrant, double and bloom in clusters continuously through the summer. Deep red centers shading to pink outside. A moderate grower and quite hardy.

CONRAD F. MEYER—An extra fine sort that has large, double, silvery pink blooms, which appear singly and freely throughout the season. Very vigorous and quite hardy.

## 12 ROSES ONE EACH OF THE \$3.00

Always pleased with your goods.—M. E. B., Arlington, Minn., 9-15-13. Please send me \* \* \* The things I ordered of you before have been most satisfactory.—Mrs. D. C., Buffalo, N. D. 3-20-13. Please ship \* \* \* Was well pleased with the nursery stock from yeal last year. Everything grew.—D. E. R., Pelican Lake, Wis. 2-24-13.



#### CLIMBING ROSES

30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

CRIMSON RAMBLER—Very vigorous grower. Produces its flowers in pyramidal clusters of large numbers. Remains in bloom for a long time. The profusion of bloom is marvelous, and the variety deserves the popularity and

profusion of bloom is marvelous, and the variety described and praise it receives.

BLUE RAMBLER.—Violet blue, semi-double, prolific bloomer, good\_trusses that have an outstanding effect. Distinct and good. 40c each.

DOROTHY PERKINS—A shell-pink variety of similar habit to the Crimson Rambler. Very vigorous, and a great bloomer. The best of its color.

EXCELSA —A Red Dorothy Perkins, lovely crimson-scarlet, very vigorous, good foliage, large trusses of evenly formed flowers of great substance, resistant to mildew. The best hardy climbing rose sent out in years, and one that will supersede the Crimson Rambler. 50c,each.

BALTIMORE BELLE—One of the best climbing roses. Very free bloomer;

BALTIMORE BELLE-One of the best climbing roses. Very free bloomer;

One or the best climbing roses. Very free bloomer; nearly white or pale blush.

QUEEN OF THE PRAIRIE—Bright red vigorous grower and profuse bloomer. Very popular and hardy.

### **CLIMBING VINES**

25c each; \$2.00 per 10. One-year Vines, prepaid at same price.

\*VIRGINIA CREEPER, or American Ivy—Hardy native, vigorous grower; one of the best for covering porches, walls or unsightly spots; foliage colors very brilliantly in fall; purple berries.

\*AMPELOPSIS ENGELMANI—Similar to above, only clings to stone, etc., with great tenacity. A rapid grower and hardy.

\*BETA GRAPE—(See page 15). Fine for porch or arbor.

\*WILD GRAPE—Desirable for screens, arbors, etc. They are ragrowers and very hardy in any location. Fruit valuable for wine or jelly

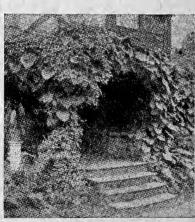
\*BITTER SWEET—A strong-growing native vine of twining habit. Very attractive when covered with its orange-colored seed pods, which open late in the fall, exposing the dark red berries.

CHINESE MATRIMONY VINE—A rapid-growing, trailing shrub, having small lavender flowers throughout the summer, followed by,crimson berries.

\*VIRGIN'S BOWER—A beautiful native clematis; hardy and strong grower. Flowers white, small, followed by downy seed clusters.

CLEMATIS JACKMANII—A very popular and desirable variety. Flowers rich, royal purple; produced in great abundance; needs winter protection; best of the large flowered varieties. 40c each.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA—A very hardy, vigorous white clematis. The large clusters remain in bloom for a long time; fairly cover the entire plant and are very fragrant.



DUTCH PIPE (Aristolochia Sipho)—A hardy, strong growing vine, with large, peculiar heart-shaped leaves. Curious pipe-shaped flowers of yellowish brown. Large 3-year vines, 50c each; 2-year, 35c.

HONEYSUCKLE, Scarlet Trum-pet—Produces a constant supply of red trumpet - shaped flowers throughout the entire summer; very desirable. A strong and rapid grower; quite hardy, but will do enough better to warrant winter

protection.
HALL'S JAPANESE HONEY-

HALL'S JAPANESE HONEY.
SUCKLE—Semi-evergreen; dense foliage; white, fragrant bloom throughout the summer. Desirable for covering low objects. Needs winter protection.
GOLDEN LEAF HONEYSUCKLE—Similar to the above, having foliage mottled and veined with yellow. Very pretty and desirable.

LATHYRUS (Hardy Pea)—See page 27.
Bignonia, Clematis Coccinea, Henryii and Madam E. Andre, and Wistaria we also carry in stock.



#### HARDY SHRUBS

25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. One-year plants prepaid at same price. Three-year stocky plants, 35c; 4-year, 50c.

ACACIA or Moss Locust—A hardy bush form of the locust having bright pink flowers like clusters of sweet peas, 4 to 6 feet;

fine.

ALANTHUS, or Tree of Heaven—A stocky, semi-hardy tree having very long fern-like leaves. Even if cut to the ground each season its tropical growth well repays for planting it. 3 to 5 feet, 35c each.

ARALIA, or Devil's Walking Stick—A moderately hardy, very attractive shrub with stocky, prickly stems and large sumach-like leaves, immense panicles of white flowers during August. 50c each.

\*RUSSIAN ARTEMESIA—A vigorous, aromatic, hardy shrub similar to the plant called the "Old Man." Desirable as an ornamental or for a quick growing low hedge. For best results should be cut back to the ground early in fall or spring. 6 feet. Cuttings, 50c per 100; \$3.00 per 1,000. (Other sizes at above prices.) at above prices.)

FLOWERING ALMOND—Double white or pink, rose-like flowers, borne in great profusion before the foliage. One of the best early-flowering shrubs.

# BARBERRY (Japanese or Thunberg) — A dwarf variety, with fine foliage. Very pretty and useful for borders and in front of taller shrubs; one of the very best hardy dwarf hedge plants; 2 to 3 for

foot

BARBERRY (Purple Leaf)—Very pretty purple foliage; desirable for massing with other shrubs for effect. Clusters of red fruit-like currants which remain on until along in the winter; yellow blossoms. 6 feet.

BARBERRY (Common)—Same as above, with green foliage. Desirable for hedges or otherwise.

Desirable

\*BUFFALO BERRY—See page 20.
\*BUCKTHORN—See page 36.
CARAGANA or Siberian Pea
Tree—See page 37.
FLOWERING CRABS—See page 11.

\*HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY-See



KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE See page 37.

CALYCANTHUS—Fragrant, moderately hardy shrub; unique unique,

\*COTONEASTER ACUTIFOLIA—Hardy, very ornamental shrub, having thick, glossy foliage, small pink flowers and black fruit. A choice newer shrub for landscape or hedge planting. 6 feet.
\*ALPINE CURRANT—An ideal dwarf, compact, clean hedge or border plant. Takes on a fine form with very little shearing; very hardy and free from disease. 3 feet.

GOLDEN CURRANT or Yellow Flowering Missouri Currant.

—A pleasing old favorite, blooming freely in May and June; very fragrant and a choice ornamental. 6 feet.

\*CRANDALL CURRANT—An improved or more fruitful form of the above. Large purple fruit, fine for jelly. 5 feet.

INDIAN CURRANT, Coralberry or Red-Fruited Snowberry—Hardy, graceful native that makes a good low hedge or ornamental; fruit red, hangs on all winter. 5 feet.

DOGWOOD Red Barked Siberian—The best red-barked shrub we have. Valuable for hedges or to liven up groups of other ornamentals. White flowers, 8 feet. Cuttings, \$1.00 per 100. (Other

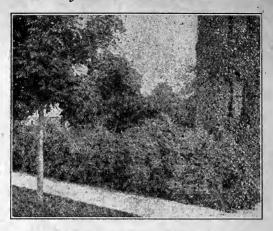
other ornamentals. White flowers, 8 feet. Curungs, \$1.00 per 100. (Other sizes at above prices.

\*DOGWOOD, Variegated Leaved Red—This is a slow-growing form of the above and is the best silvery and green-leaved shrub we have. At its best in sunny locations. 4 feet.

DOGWOOD, Stoloniferae—Our native red-barked Dogwood; not as rapid a grower as the Siberian. 6 feet.

DEUTZIA—Crenata and Gracilis are the hardiest varieties. Pretty, small (3 feet) shrubs with racemes of white flowers; moderately hardy.

50 Hardy Shrubs and Vines, \$5.00



EUONYMUS Burning Bush, or Strawberry Tree—Hardy, pretty shrubs. Flowers of reddish-brown followed by red fruits like the bitter sweet, which hang on all winter. 6 feet. We have both the mative and European (Mackii) forms. The Mackii is more productive and showy, but not as hardy as our native form.

HADDY CHDIDS	10 varieties \$1 25 varieties 3	1.50
HARDI SHRUBS	25 varieties	3.00
Our Selection	50 varieties	5.00
OF 60 00 10. 61F 00	100 0	

ch; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. One-year plants postpaid a price. Three-year stocky plants, 35c; Four-year, 50c each.

GOLDEN ELDER —Our finest golden-leaved shrub. Very valuable for effect in groups. Best in sunny locations. Flowers white, in July (followed by black berries, which are prized by many for pies, wine, etc.). Height 6 feet at maturity.

\*CUT-LEAF ELDER (American)—A new, very graceful, cut-leaf variety that is perfectly hardy; very ornamental as shrub or hedge; 8 feet.

\*RED ELDER—A very hardy native; blooms earlier than the above sorts and very attractive later when covered with its loads of bright red berries. 8 feet.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)—A moderately hardy, graceful, very attractive, early-flowering shrub. Golden yellow flowers borne in great profusion before the foliage. 6 feet.

\*FRINGE, WHITE—A perfectly hardy, novel shrub having bunches of white, silky fringe, which hangs very gracefully among the foliage during June.
FRINGE, PURPLE—Quite hardy when once established; glossy, round foliage. Flowers are purple maturing into large, mist-like plumes (hence the jamme Smoke Tree).

HYDRANGEA (Paniculata) — A perfectly hardy shrub, producing an abundance of immense clusters of bloom in August. Should have a place in all home grounds. Blossom same season they are planted. If they are cut back nearly to the ground each spring larger and finer clusters will be obtained, 4 to 6 feet. 3 to 4 feet size, 50c; 2 to 3 feet size, 35c; 1 to 2 feet size, 25c. TREE FORM, 75c each.

SNOWBALL **HYDRANGEA** 

or E. B., or Ever-blooming Hydrangea (Arborescens)—A new form of the above that is very hardy and one of the most popular of all. Blooms are large, snow white and resemble the snowball. Season July and August. A choice addition that we cannot commend too highly. 2-year, 35c each.

HONEYSUCKLE hardy, shrubs strong growing and attractive shrubs which bear a profusion of bloom in early spring, followed by bright orange or red berries. Fine also as a hedge plant. One of our best hardy ornamentals; 6 to 8 fort

TARTARIAN-White, pink or red.

MORROW—Japanese variety of drooping growth; creamy white flowers and very attractive bright red fruits.

SPLENDENS or GOLDEN BERRY—Strong, upright grower, bright striped pink flowers; golden yellow berries. RUPRECHT—Tall, pink. Very frui when covered with its crimson berries. Very fruitful and pretty during autumn months



### Small Plants of Any Variety Can Be Sent By Mail

DOUBLE FLOWERING PLUM (Prunus Triloba)—A very beautiful, hardy shrub. Flowers very large, double, rosy pink and closely set on the branches, coming with the foliage. 8 feet. 2 to 3 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 50c; 4 to 5 feet, 75c.

PURPLE LEAF PLUM (P. Pissardi)—One of the most striking of foliage plants. Often kills back, but being a rapid grower its new growth is especially desirable and attractive. 3 to 4 feet, 40c each.

\*PURPLE LEAF SAND CHERRY—(See page 13). A hybrid of the above and our western sand cherry. Has the same attractive color, is perfectly hardy, but not as tall or vigorous a grower. 50c each.

JAPAN QUINCE—A dwarf, quite hardy, very showy shrub, having bright red flowers early in May. A good hedge plant for favorable locations.

SNOWBALL (Vib. Sterilis)—This well-known favorite is perfectly hardy. Filled with a mass of white balls of blooms during May. 8 to 10 feet.

\*SNOWBERRY—A hardy shrub, having small pink flowers, followed by waxy-white berries which remain for some time after leaves have fallen. 4 feet.

CUT-LEAF SUMACH (Glabra)—A dwarf form of the susome especially in fall, when its fern-like foliage turns a vivid red. 5 feet.

\*STAGHORN SUMACH—A large, hardy shrub or small tree. Very pretty in fall and winter, as foliage colors highly, and its large panicles of red fruit hang on all winter. 15 feet. (Also a Cut-leaf form.)

hang on all winter. 15 feet. (Also a Cut-leaf form.)

\*SIBERIAN SAND-THORN—A new ornamental, silvery-leaved, thorny bedge plant, closely allied to the Buffalo Berry, 12 feet. Hardy, drouth-resisting, bearing heavy crops of yellow berries, which hang on well into the winter. 3 to 4 feet, 35c; 4 to 5 feet, 50c; 5 to 5 feet, 75c.

TAMARIX AMURENSIS—A choice, graceful shrub; top often kills back but that does not injure its usefulness, as it is a very rapid grower; fine, cedar-like foliage, pink flowers. 7 feet.

\*VIBURNUM LENTAGO, Black Haw or Sheepberry—A hardy and very desirable native shrub having blooms similar to the High Bush Cranberry. Fruit dark blue, sweet, edible; borne in large drooping clusters. Foliage colors brilliantly in autumn. 8 feet.

VIBURNUM DENTATUM, or Arrow-wood—A native shrub having clusters of white flowers in June, followed by flat, black berries. In demand for plant-ings in moist locations, 6 to 8 feet.

VIBURNUM LANTANA or Wayfaring Tree—Like the heads and is very showy at that time as well as later, when laden with its crop of red berries, turning to black when rpe. Foliage rough and silvery beneath. A fine ornamental. 8 to 10 feet.

WEIGELA Eva Rathke—The hardingt and most desirable of its along. -Like the

WEIGELA, Eva Rathke—The hardiest and most desirable of its class. Dark red, trumpet-shaped, thrifty, prolific bloomers. June and July. 4 feet. WEIGELA, Rosea—Similar to above and very popular. Rosy pink. \*WINTER BERRY (Ilex Verticillatus)—Foliage like the English holly; flowers in May and June, and in fall is covered with scarlet berries which remain after the foliage falls; a hardy native shrub; 6 feet.

Thanks for the excellent stock which reached me in fine condition. Am more than satisfied with the way you filled my order.—M. V., Doran, Minn. 5-16-13. Shipment arrived in good condition and I thank you for your generous measure of things. The Peonies and Iris are fine and all thrived greatly.—F. B., Grand Rapids, Minn. 10-19-13.

Trees seemed O. K.—were satisfactory and packed in nice shape. Thanking you for prompt service \* \* \* \* —A. J. H., Big Lake, Minn. 5-15-13.

Trees and shrubs came in splendid condition. We thank you for the many extras which your package always contains.—L. M. I., St. Paul, Minn. 4-22-13.



### LILACS OR SYRINGA



To one of the very best of our hardy ornamentals, in which a great improvement is being made each year. Most people know only the common white and purple sorts, which sprout badly (when neglected), and are shy bloomers. These newer sorts are mostly grafted on ash roots, and hence seldom sprout, and are perfectly hardy, even in severe locations. For best results the seed clusters should be removed immediately after blooming, in order to insure a good crop of flowers each season. Suckering sorts should be gone over occasionally with a sharp hoe and moved off at the surface. We have 25 distinct varieties in stock in either bush or tree form and will supply collections (our selection), as follows:

1 to	2 feet	c each	\$3.00	per	10
2 to	3 feet	c each;	4.00	per	10
3 to	4 feet	c each	6.00	per	10

TREE FORM-25c extra.

JAPANESE TREE—Blooms in June (a month later than most sorts), in very large, creamy white panicles; makes a tree much like a cherry.

HUNGARIAN, or JOSIKEA—Very distinct class of lilacs, having dark, heavy foliage, of stocky growth. Blooms very late with the Japanese and in open purple panicles. A fine sort.

VILLOSA-Is similar to the above, only flowers are a light pink. Very choice.

#### WHITE

COMMON WHITE—Well known favorite. 2 to 3 feet, 25c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c; 4 to 6 feet (stocky) 75c.

PERSIAN, ROUEN or SIBERIAN WHITE—Small foliage and lavender white flowers in great profusion. Thrifty grower and quite distinct from ordinary sorts. 2 to 3 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 50c.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA—Finest single, pure white, immense panicles.

MADAM CASIMIR PERIER—Very large flowers and truss; fragrant. T
best double white lilac.

#### PURPLE, BLUE and RED

COMMON PURPLE—Very free blooming strain. Especially valuable for hedges, screens, etc. 2 to 3 feet, 25c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c.

PERSIAN PURPLE—Small foliage and bright purple flowers. Blooms are very long, graceful and fragrant. 2 to 3 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 50c.

ROUEN or ROTHMAGENSIS—Similar to Persian only flowers are reddish

purple.

CHAS. X .- Fine, reddish purple. Strong, stocky grower single.

CONGO-Very large, single, wine-red. Choice.

LUDWIG SPAETH—Single, deep purplish red. Choice.
MARC MICHAELI—Double, clear lilac-blue; enormous flowers and spikes. LAMARCK-Very large, double, rosy-lilac.

EDWARD ANDRE-Clear, double rose.

PRES. LOUBET-The darkest, double purplish-red. Extra long, large

PRES'T GREVY—Double, extra large, sky-blue. SEN. VOLLAND—Double, rose red.

BELLE DE NANCY-Double, brilliant satin rose.

### SPIREAS

\*VAN HOUTTEI—One of the most attractive and graceful hardy shrubs we have; sure to please. Produces an abundance of drooping sprays of white flowers early in June. Sometimes called "Bridal Wreath." (Five feet\_at flowers ea maturity.)

\*ARGUTA—Of more slender growth, earlier to bloom and clusters not as compact as the above. 4 to 5 feet.

REVESII—A newer double flowering form of the Van Houttei. Blooms about same time. 4 feet.

THUNBERG'S—The earliest to bloom. Similar to the Arguta. Its foliage makes it a very charming hedge plant or ornamental. 3 to 4 feet. Its fine

PRUNIFOLIA or BRIDAL WREATH—A choice double white sort. Blooms just before the Van Houttei. 4 feet.

\*NINEBARK or OPULIFOLIA—A strong growing native shrub. Blooms in clusters of white. June. 6 to 8 feet.

\*GOLDEN or OP. AUREA—A variety of the latter. One of our best golden foliage shrubs. At its best in sunny places. 6 feet.

\*BUMALDA—A dwarf form, hardy and vigorous. Blooms throughout summer in flat terminal clusters of rose color. 2 feet.

\*ANTHONY WATERER—A variety of the latter, having darker flowers and not as tall. Very popular for low borders. 1½ feet at maturity. RUBRA—Similar to the above, but more vigorous; foliage and flowers are a darker shade of red. 2 feet.

CALLOSA ALBA—Similar to the latter, only very dwarf, compact grower dd has white bloom. 1½ feet. BILLARDI—Flowers in terminal, rose colored spikes from July until frost. igorous and hardy. 5 to 6 feet. and thas Vigorous and hardy.

\*MEADOW SWEET or BILLARDI ALBA—Same as the above, only it has white blooms. 5 to 6 feet.

DOUGLAS-Similar to Billardi, but has very downy foliage and is not as 4 to 5 feet.

\*ASH-LEAVED or SORBIFOLIA—A very distinct variety, having light, fern-like foliage; handsome spikes of white flowers in July and August. Hardy and thrifty. 5 feet.

#### ...\$1.50 ... 3.00

(Our Selection) 50 varieties. 5.00 \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. One-year plants, postpaid, at same ce. Three-year stocky plants, 35c; 4-year, 50c each.

### MOCK ORANGE—PHILADELPHUS



\*GARLAND (P. Coronarius)— One of our best large shrubs, pro-ducing a profusion of pure white, sweetly scented flowers during June. (6 to 8 feet.)

\*COLUMBIAN—Of stockier growth, very free bloomer, but not as fragrant as above. Hardy. (8 to 10 ft.)

form, having very large flowers; later and not so fragrant as the Garland. (8 to 10 feet.)

\*GOLDEN—A dwarf variety, having rich, yellow foliage. The best dwarf, golden foliage shrub. (4 feet.)

DIANTHIFLOBA—A dwarf compact variety of the above, having semi-double flowers. (2 to 3 feet.)

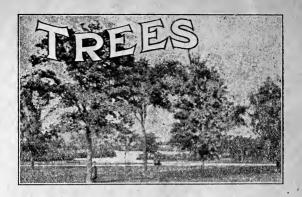
\*Avananche—A very g. accuu, hardy and desirable form of the the Lemoin. Flowers white, very sweet and produced in such profusion that their weight bends the long, slender branches almost to the ground, producing a most wonderful effect, as if the branches were loaded with new-fallen snow. (5 feet).

\*CANDELABRA—A newer form, similar to Avalanche, but thriftier and very profuse bloomer of neat, upright growth. (5 feet.)

Everything received this spring is doing fine. Did not lose a single one and all are growing fine. Was especially pleased with the Tree Lilacs and they have made a good growth.—Mrs. B. J. —Dalbo, Minn. 7-4-13.

The trees I bought of you are doing fine. Friends have been buying of agents and paid double the price you ask.—E. B., Clark, S. Dak. 2-17-13.

I purchased quite a bill from you and was fortunate in having everything ow nicely.—Mrs. H. K., Pierre, S. Dak. 2-28-13.



# HARDY TREES FOR ALL PURPOSES

Street trees should be planted 40 feet apart. For windbreak or grove planting set 4 by 4 or 2 by 8 feet, aiming to get the ground shaded as soon as possible. Cut out the least desirable varieties, as they crowd too much. Before planting cuttings, soak them for about two days.

Cuttings and 6 to 12 inch seedlings, prepaid, for 25c per 100 extra. One to 2 feet, 1c each extra.

ASH (Green or White)—One of our most valuable trees for grammental or timber planting. Resists drouth well. Rapid, upright grower. The green Ash does not make as large a tree and is generally regarded as hardier.

hardier.			· ·	
hardier.	Each	Per 10.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
6 to 12 in. seedlings			\$ 0.50	\$ 3.00
1 to 2 ft. seedlings			1.00	6.00
2 to 3 ft. transplants		\$0.50	2.00	10.00
3 to 5 ft	\$0.15	1.00	7.00	
4 to 6 ft	.20	1.50	12.00	
5 to 7 ft	.30	2.50	20.00	
6 to 8 ft	.40	3.50	30.00	
8 to 10 ft	.50	4.50	40.00	
1½ to 2 in. caliper	.75	6.00	50.00	
2 to 2½ in. caliper	1.00	8.00	.,	
2½ to 3 in. caliper		12.00		
3 to 4 in. caliper	2.50	. 20.00		

MOUNTAIN ASH (European)—A handsome lawn tree, hardy, very attactive when in blossom or when covered with its large clusters of red berries; ef upright growth and fine foliage; a choice ornamental.

			ft	Each. \$0.25	٠,	Per 10 \$2.00
4	to	6	ft	.30		2.50
			ftft.	.40		5.00
			ft	1.00		8.00

MOUNTAIN ASH (Oak-Leaved)—A more compact form of the above; of slower growth and oak-leaved foliage. 4 to 6 ft., 50c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c each.

WHITE BIRCH (European and American)—A desirable lawn tree; its white bark gives pleasing variety to the scene; very popular. The European form has smaller, glossy leaves and does not make as large a tree.

lea ves	and does not make as large a tree.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12 to	18 in. seedlings			\$2.00
5 to	6 ft	\$0.35	\$2.50	,
6 to	8 ft	.50	4.00	
	10 ft	.75	6.00	
	12 ft	1.00	8.00	
	3 in. caliper	1.50	12.00	

BOX ELDER
A hardy, rapid growing shade tree, and also useful in timber planting to mix with more valuable kinds. Very popular as a pioneer tree.

(Prices and grades same as for Ash.)

BUCKTHORN Very hardy and desirable for ornamental or hedge purposes. It endures shearing exceedingly well and is one of the best deciduous shrubs for that purpose. Black harries

1001	110			Each	Per 10	Per 100
12	to	18	in		\$1.00	\$ 7.00
			in	.20	1.50	10.00
	to		ft	.25	2.00	15.00
8	80	4	ft	.35	3.00	25.09
. 4	te	6	ft	.50	4.00	

36

BASSWOOD (Am. Linden)—Hardy, drouth-resisting and one of the best of all for shade or ornamental purposes; blossoms are very fragrant. Should be more generally planted.

5 6 7 8 10	in. seedlings	\$0.30 .40 .50 .75	Per 10 \$0.50 2.50 3.50 4.50 6.00 7.50	Per 100 \$ 3.00 20.00 30.00 40.00
3	in. caliper	2.00	•••••	
	5 6 7 8 10	12 in. seedlings	7 ft50 8 ft75 10 ft 1.00	12 in. seedlings     \$0.50       5 ft.     \$0.30     2.50       6 ft.     .40     3.50       7 ft.     .50     4.50       8 ft.     .75     6.00       10 ft.     1.00     7.50

EUROPEAN LIN-DEN—Is similar to the above, having twigs of a reddish color, smaller leaves; not as rapid in growth, but hardy and desirable. (Prices and grades same as above.)

## Hardy Catalpa

A rapid growing tree of tropical nature, and desirable as an ornament. Leaves heart-shaped and very large. Flowers in large clusters sweet-scented, ripening into long, bean-like pods. In great demand farther south for fence posts and grove planting. Our trees are grown from seed raised 50 miles north of St. Paul and will prove the best available.



	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
6 to 12 in. seedlings			\$1.00	\$ 6.00
1 to 2 ft		20000	2.00	
3 to 5 ft	\$0.20	\$1.50	10.00	
4 to 6 ft	.25	2.00	15.00	
5 to 7 ft	.35	3.00	25.00	
6 to 8 ft	.50	4.00		
8 to 10 ft	.75	6.00		
11/2 to 2 in. caliper	1.00			
2 to 3 in. caliper	2.00			

CARAGANA or Siberian Pea Tree—Very hardy and desirable for hedges or as an ornamental; makes a good-sized shrub, with fine locust-like foliage and yellow flowers.

1	to	2	ft	•	Each \$0.15	Per 10 \$1.20	Per 100 \$10.00
					.25	2.00	15.00
3	to	4	ft.		.35	2.50	20.00
4	to	5	ft.	bushy	.50	4.00	
5	to	7	ft.	bushy	.75	6.00	

\*WILD BLACK CHERRY—A pretty, medium-sized tree, very hardy, rapid grower and valuable as an ornamental or to mix with timber plantings.

(Prices and grades same as for Basswood.)

CHOKE CHERRY—Small, spreading, native tree that makes a very satisfactory ornamental; white flowers, black fruit. 3 to 5 ft., 25c; 4 to 6 ft., 35c; 5 to 7 ft., 50c.

NATIVE RED CHERRY—A very hardy, small tree that deserves more attention in ornamental plantings. White, flat clusters of flowers in May. (Prices and grades the same as for choke cherry.)

KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE

A handsome native tree of medium size, with upright, blunt branches and beautiful feathery foliage. A very desirable ornamental. Called Coffee Tree because the seed matures in pods and has some resemblance to the coffee bean.

_				Each	Per 10
3	to	4	ft	\$0.30	\$2.50
4	to	5	ft	.40	3.00
5	to	6	ft	.60	5.00
6	to	8	ft	.75	6.00

COTTONWOOD A very rapid grower; attaining a large size and long-lived except in upland or droughty soils. Where it can obtain plenty of moisture within 12 or 15 feet, is one of our most valuable trees. Popular with grove plantary.

Topana with grove planters.	Per 100	Per 1000
1 to 2 ft. seedlings		\$ 4.00
2 to 3 ft	1.00	7.00
8 to 4 ft	1.50	10.00

Everything was very satisfactory of the stock bought last year. I expect to plant \* \* \* \* —L. G. T., Watertown, S. Dak. 2-24-13.

Please send me \* '\* \*. The things I ordered of you before have been most satisfactory.—D. C., Buffalo, N. D. 3-2-13.

Trees came in good order. It was fine stock—have but one regret, that I did not take more of them. Thanks for extras.—E. O., McIntosh, Minn. 10-31-13.



EUONYMUS, or Strawberry Tree-See page 32.

WHITE ELM One of the best and most popular of trees for any purpose; especially desirable as a street tree; hardy, rapid grower; resists drouth well and is long lived. (Prices and grades the same as for Ash.)

RED ELM, or Slippery Elm—Has large, rougher foliage than the white Elm; wood straight grained, hence more valuable for fuel. A rapid growing, good ornamental. 5 to 6 ft., 35c; 6 to 8 ft., 50c; 8 to 10 ft., 75c.



\*HACKBERRY—Similar to White Elm. Roots very deep and its twigs and leaves are of a lighter color; not as rapid a grower. Very valuable for timber or ornamental. Stands drought and dry winds exceedlings well. 3 to 5 ft., 25c each; 4 to 6 ft., 35c; 5 to 7 ft., 50c.
\*HAWTHORN, or Thorn Apple—A hardy native that is useful for hedges or as an ornamental. Very attractive when covered with its flat heads or clusters of white and pink flowers, maturing into red fruits.

	Each Per 10
1 to 2 ft	\$0.20 \$1.50
2 to 3 ft.	.25 . 2.00
3 to 5 ft.	
4 to 6 ft.	.50 4.00
5 to 7 ft.	.75
6 to 8 ft.	1.00
IRONWOOD, or Hop-Hornbean-A pretty, medium-siz	zed native tree that

is very attractive when covered with its hop-like bloom and fruits. Very hardy, but prefers moist, sheltered locations.

		Each	Per 10
6 to 8	ft	. \$0.50	\$4.00
	ft		6.00
	ODE AN I ADCLI -Hardy, gracef		rower: de-

EUROPEAN LARCH —Hardy, graceful, rapid, grower; desimilar in appearance to an evergreen, but is deciduous. Should be planted early in the spring before buds start much, to insure growth.

				Each	Per 10	Per 100	Pe	r 1000
6	to	15	2 in. seedlings			\$1.50		\$10.00
1	to	2	ft	\$0.15	\$1.00			
2	to	3	ft	.25	2.00			
			ft		3.00			*******
			ft		4.00			*******
			ft		6.00			********
6	to	8	ft	1.00	7.50			*******
т	T	1	CIZ I OCI ICT	4 A ma	nid-growing	thorny troo th	at io	dogir-

BLACK LOCUST A rapid-growing, thorny tree that is desirable on account of its pretty foliage and
fragrant flowers. As a grove tree, for fuel and fence posts it is one of the very
best; grows more rapidly than the willow and wood is very hard and durable.

(Prices and grades same as for Ash.)

HONEY LOCUST Similar to the above, but has longer thorns
(some are thornless) and does not sucker.

The foliage is also finer. A hardy, vigorous, rapid grower that makes a choice
ornamental.

(Prices and grades same as Catalna.)

(Prices and grades same as Catalpa.)
Thornless variety 10c each extra.
MAY DAY TREE (Prunus Mackii)—A hardy, stocky European variety that starts into growth and blooms very early. Flowers resemble the Choke Cherry, but are larger and more beautiful. 3 to 5 ft., 35c; 4 to 6 ft., 50c; 5 to 7 feet, 75c each.

WIER'S CUT-LEAF MAPLE—See page 41.

HARD or SUGAR MAPLE—A very ornamental and desirable tree for heavy,

Flach	Por 10	Per 100	Per 1000
	1 01 10		
		90.75	\$ 5.00
*******		φ0.10	φ 0.00
6U 3U	6 9 00		
φυ.ου		*******	********
10	9 00		
•40	0.00		********
EO	4 00 '	,	
.00	4.00	*******	*******
75	6 00		
.10	0.00	*******	*******
1 50	10.00		
1.00	10.00		*******
- 20			
	\$0.30 .40 .50 .75	Each Per 10	\$0.30 \$ 2.00 40 3.00 .50 4.00 .75 6.00 1.50 10.00



# We Furnish 5 at 10 Rates, 50 at 100 Rates and 500 at 1000 Rates

NORWAY MAPLE—Similar to our hard or sugar maple, but is a more symmetrical, round-topped tree and has dense, dark green foliage which hangs very late. Hardy and should be more generally used in all plantings.

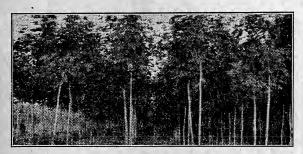
				Each	Per 10	Per 100
1	to	2	ft. seedlings		\$0.50	\$ 3.00
2	to	5	ft	\$0.20	1.50	12.50
4			ft		2.50	20.00
			ft.	.40	3.50	30.00
			ft	.75	6.00	
			ft	1.00	8.00	

SCHWEDLER MAPLE—A variety of the Norway, having leaves and bark of the newer growth, of a bright purplish red, changing to purplish green. Hardy and a choice ornamental tree. 4 to 6 ft., 75c; 5 to 7 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each.

TARTARIAN MAPLE (Ginnala)—A very hardy and beautiful small and finely cut, turning to the most attractive colors in the fall. Very desirable in ornamental planting.

4000		io iz orania prima	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to	3	ft	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
		ft	.35	3.00	25.00
		ft	.50	4.50	40.00
5 to	7	ft	.75	6.00	

MOUNTAIN MAPLE (Spicatum)—A native low-growing form which makes a very desirable shrubby ornamental. New twigs and seeds are tinged with red and foliage downy and deeply veined. 3 to 4 feet, 35c; 4 to 5 feet, 50c



WHITE SOFT MAPLE Rapid grower and is largely used in trees should be watched while young, so they do not form bad crotches. One of our best shade trees for general planting. (Prices and grades the same as for Ash.)

RUSSIAN MULBERRY Hardy in this section, but liable to kill back in some places in severe winters, which damage it soon outgrows. Fruit resembles the blackberry, rather insipid. Valuable as bird food and for canning when mixed with other berries, makes good low windbreak and a desirable ornamental. Prices and grades same as for Catalpa.)

RUSSIAN OLIVE Belongs to the same family as the Buffalo and beautiful tree; foliage and newer growth is silvery white; fruit of same color, not edible, but hangs on the tree till late in winter. Flowers small, yellow, but very fragrant. Very desirable for ornamental or hedge purposes. A rapid grower that pleases all who give it a trial.

	Each	'Per 10	Per 100
6 to 12 in. seedlings	\$0.15 ·	\$ 1.00 1.50	\$ 1.50 5.00 10.00
3 to 5 ft	.25	2.00 2.50	15.00
5 to 7 ft	.50 .75 1.00	4.00 6.00 8.00	
1½ to 2 in. caliper	1.50 2.50	12.00 20.00	

"Forestry in Minnesota" Will Tell You All About Trees. Postpaid, 75 cents. FREE (when requested) with \$10.00 order. 400 pages; well illustrated; cloth bound.

I am highly pleased with the trees you sent me and thank you for the extras and the square treatment.—O. U., Hoskins, Neb.

The nursery stock you shipped me was certainly fine. Am well pleased with it and everything was fresh and well rooted. Thank you for all the extras.—F. A. P., Withrow, Minn.

I wish to thank you for your splendid treatment in our dealings.—T. C. S., Lakeville, Minn. 7-9-13.

Trees and berries came in first class shape. Thanks for same and for extra shrub.—W. E. U., Fond du Lac, Wis., 4-28-13.



CAROLINA POPLAR Similar to Cottonwood, but has Used considerably in park planting, as it is free from cotton and also stands smoke and gas. A rapid-growing sort nonlinear as a grower and timber tree

smoke and gas. A rap	old-growing sort popi	ular as a grov	re and timber	tree.
Micheleni +	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
Cuttings			\$ 0.40	\$ 2.50
1 to 2 ft			2.00	15.00
2 to 3 ft		\$0.50	3.00	20.00
5 to 7 ft		2.00	15.00	
6 to 8 ft		3.00	25.00	
8 to 10 ft		4.00	35,00	
1½ to 2 in. caliper		6.00		
2 to 3 in. caliper	1.00	8.00		
•				*******

# NORWAY POPLAR

A sturdy form of the Carolina Poplar adapted especially as a timber tree. Very rapid grower; has larger leaves and darker bark. A new variety that is in great demand. Ours may be relied on as the genuine. Experiments would indicate that they resist drouth better than either the Cottonwood or Carolina Poplar, owing to a stronger root system. In 14 years trees 17 inches in diameter and 55 feet tall have been grown, which, valuing timber at \$12.00 per 1,000 feet, would make the product per acre average over \$100.00 for each What better farm crop can you grow than this?



	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
Cuttings		*******	\$ 0.75	\$ 5.00
1 to 2 ft		\$0.50	\$ 3.00	20.00
2 to 3 ft		1.00	5.00	30.00
5 to 7 ft	\$0.35	3.00	25.00	
6 to 8 ft	.50	4.00	30.00	*******
8 to 10 ft	.75	6.00	50.00	*******
1½ to 2 in. caliper	1.00	8.00		
2 to 3 in. caliper	1.50	12.00		
T117 ATDMIA AATDMIA DA				

VAN GERT'S GOLDEN POPLAR—A desirable form having bright yellow foliage. In demand for ornamental and park planting. Cuttings, \$1.00 per 100; 6 to 8 ft., 50c each; 8 to 10 ft., 75c; 10 to 12 ft., \$1.00; 2 inch caliper up, \$1.50 each.

VOLGA POPLAR —A thrifty, upright-growing form, more debright green. A newer sort of great promise. Prices and grades the same as for Golden Poplar.

BOLLEANA POPLAR—A very desirable silver-leafed variety of upright growth. Valuable in ornamental planting. Prices and grades the same as for Golden Poplar.

GIANT SILVER POPLAR Vigorous, very hardy, spreadmental. Foliage is larger than the Bolleana and a better tree generally than
(Populus Alba) the common silver poplar. Prices and grades the same as
for Golden Poplar.

BALM OF GILEAD—A rapid growing form of the Poplar, having large leaves and balsamy buds. Seems to be especially at home in the North. Valuab e in timber or grove plantings. Prices and grades the same as f or Golden Poplar.



Please accept my thanks for the nursery stock that you sent me. I thought the plants were nice last year, but they are certainly the finest ever this year. Thanking you for a square deal.— H. M. W., Caton, S. D.

Trees arrived in good shape. Thank you for the extras; were just what I should have chosen for myself.—O. L. A., Courtenay, N. D.

Plants came all right and are growing nicely.—Mrs. R. E. G., Gibson City, Ill.



## Special Prices Quoted on Large Orders

RUSSIAN GOLDEN WILLOW A very hardy and beautiful variety. A Bark is of very rapid grower, making a fine medium-sized, round-top tree. Bark is of a rich golden color in winter and spring. Desirable for windbreak planting, as a lawn tree or for variety in ornamental planting.

	Each	· Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
Cuttings			\$ 0.40	\$ 2.50
1 to 2 ft			2.00	15.00
2 to 3 ft		.\$0.50	3.00	20.00
4 to 6 ft		. 1.50	10.00	
5 to 7 ft		2.00	15.00	
6 to 8 ft		3.50	30.00	

LAUREL LEAF WILLOW Hardy, rapid grower, hav-which are very beautiful. Valuable as an ornamental and also for windbreaks. Together with the Golden Willow, they are without question the most popular trees for starting a windbreak or grove. (Prices and grades the same as for Golden Willow.)

WHITE WILLOW—Well-known tree; valuable as a pioneer for windbreaks, except on high, dry land. (Prices and grades the same as for Golden Willow.)

DIAMOND WILLOW This is the variety that is largely planted for post timber and claimed by some to be most durable. If treated with creosote any of the willows make very good posts. (Prices and grades same as for Golden Willow).

URAL WILLOW—A purple-branched basket willow that is valuable for a low snowbreak or especially for tying purposes. (Prices and grades same as for Golden Willow).

ROYAL, or Regal Willow—A form of the white willow, but does not make a large tree. Foliage very down. Valuable for variety in ornamental plantings or low windbreak. (Prices and grades same as for Golden Willow.)

## WEEPING TREES NIOBE, GOLDEN WILLOW

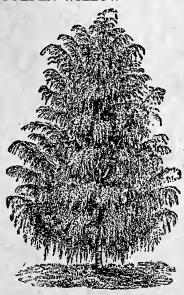
Perfectly hardy, rapid growing, beautiful golden variety introduced by Prof. Hansen of South Dakota. Promises to become the Promises to become the best hardy weeper for the Northwest. Equally desirable for windbreaks.

	100	1000
Cuttings	\$0.50	\$4.00
	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 ft		\$2.50
5 to 7 ft	.40	3.00
6 to 8 ft	.50	4.00
0 10 0 11	.50	4.00

WISCONSIN WEEP-ING WILLOW—A rapid-growing, handsome, moderately hardy tree; desirable for reasonably moist locations. (Prices and grades same as for Niobe.)

### **CUT LEAF** WEEPING BIRCH

The most erect, hand-some and graceful tree for ornamental use. Its sil-very bark, finely cut foli-age and graceful habit make it a universal favorite. They must be planted early to insure growth.



4	to	5	ft	Each \$0.60	Per 10 \$5.00
b	to	6	it	.75	6.50
6	to	8	ft	1.00	8.00

\*WIER'S CUT-LEAF MAPLE—A variety of the white or soft maple with cut leaves and drooping habit. Makes a large, rapid-growing, straight tree or can be prened into compact form. Hardy and very desirable in ornamental plantings.

			6	173 1-	D 10
5	to	7	ft	Each \$0.50	Per 10 \$4.00
6	to	8	ft	.75	6.00

WEEPING MOUNTAIN ASH—A hardy, rapid grower; very desirable for lawn planting. Very attractive when covered with its large clusters of flowers and red berries. Each 6 to 8 ft. (2-year heads)...... 6 to 8 ft. (1-year heads)..... \$1.00

WEEPING RUSSIAN MULBERRY—A very graceful, medium sized, fairly hardy tree that deserves a place in ornamental planting.

2-year heads, each \$1.00



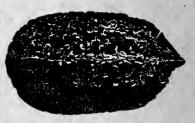
#### **NUT TREES AND SHRUBS**

One-foot size, prepaid, for 1c each extra.

Few investments would do more toward increasing the value and adding more pleasure to our farm homes than the planting of a few nut trees. Nursery-grown trees that have been once transplanted are as easy to make live and fully as desirable as those of any other kind. Although we have but few hardy varieties, they should be freely planted.

BUTTERNUT A very rapid grower and early bearer. Does well est hardy native nut tree. Nuts rich and sweet. Our finest hardy native nut tree.





Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
			\$15.00
\$0.10	.70	5.00	*******
.20	1.50	10.00	
	2.00	17.00	•••••
.40	3.50	25.00	
.75	6.00		
1.00	7.50		
	\$0.10 .20 .25 .40 .75	\$0.30 \$0.10 .20 .25 .25 .40 .75 .75 .80.30 .75 .75 .75 .75	\$0.30 \$ 2.00 \$0.10 .70 5.00 .20 1.50 10.00 .25 2.00 17.00 .40 3.50 25.00 .75 6.00

JAPAN WALNUT (Siebold and Cordiformis)—Resembles the butternut somewhat in appearance and nut. Rapid grower, moderately hardy; makes a fine ornamental; bears young and abundantly. 1 to 2 ft., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 5 ft., 50c; 4 to 6 ft., 75c.

BLACK WALNUT Valuable for nuts, timber and one of the choicest ornamentals. Hardy; does best in rich, rather moist soils, but stands drouth well; makes a handsome round-topped tree of medium height. (Prices same as for Butternut.) 8 to 10 ft., \$2.00 each; 2 to 3 in. caliper, \$3.00; 3 to 4 in., \$5.00.

BUCKEYE, or Chestnut—A very desirable round-topped tree for ornamental planting. Hardy. Fine foliage and yellow flowers. Much hardler than the Horse Chestnut.

10	to	12	in. transplants	Each \$0.20	Per 10 \$1.50
1	to	2	ft	.25	2.00
2	to	3	ft	.35	3.00
3	to	4	ft	.50	4.00
4	to	5	ft	.75	6.50

CHESTNUT (Am. Sweet)—Deserves a trial in all favorable locations. Not as hardy as the Buckeye, but valued for its delicious nuts. The trees offered are seedlings of the Paragon. Prices and grades the same as for Buckeye.

PARAGON or SOBER (Chestnut)—Dwarf, early fruiting form. 3 to eet, \$1.25 each.

SHELLBARK HICKORY—A hardy, slow-growing, very ornamental tree; bears an abundance of choicest nuts, and should be freely planted. Our trees are grown from Wisconsin seed and will be found very hardy.

Each
Per 10

\*BITTERNUT HICKORY—A very hardy and ornamental native. One of our most valuable timber trees. 6 to 8 ft., 50c; 8 to 10 ft., 75c.

\*SCARLET OAK—A beautiful ornamental tree of quite rapid growth. The easiest of all oaks to transplant. Foliage colors brilliantly after frost. Also RED OAK, at same price.

 6 to 8 ft.
 Each \$0.75
 Per 10

 8 to 10 ft.
 1.00
 7.50

(Prices and grades the same as for Scarlet Oak.)

\*WHITE OAK.—Makes a handsome, round-topped tree of compact and more rapid growth than the latter. All oaks are slow growers, but make choice ornamentals.

#### (Prices same as for Scarlet Oak.)

\*HAZEL NUTS—A hardy, native shrub that produces an abundance of fine flavored nuts. Valuable as an undergrowth in or near groves in sections where not found naturally.

1 to 3 ft., 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$7.00 per 100.

Goods were received in fine condition and just as you represented them.—J. R., Hastings, Minn. 5-20-13.

The bill ordered from you last spring all grew and did well. Of the 50 White spruce I did not lose a single plant and they made a fine growth. I will duplicate the order this spring.—J. McC., Clinton, Minn. 3-10-13.



#### **EVERGREENS**



Among all classes of nursery stock the evergreen is the most perishable, and hence special care must be exercised in transplanting them. If the following two rules are observed it can be as successfully accomplished as with any other class. Untransplanted evergreens or seedlings especially require the best of care. Transplanted evergreens grow readily, as they have a better root system. All of these offered except seedlings, have been transplanted one or more times and are fine, stocky trees. Sure to grow with reasonable care. We do not ship storage stock, as all of our evergreens come direct from the field for each order. They are carefully packed and guaranteed to reach you in good growing condition.

When received, wet the roots but not the tops, and heel in some moist, shady spot. When ready to plant make a thin mud in a pail or tub, diproots in or keep in until planted. Absolutely prevent the drying of the roots. Firm ground well as planted, and keep well cultivated. Seedlings should be lined out about 6 inches apart in a row in the garden and given good culture for about three years before setting in their permanent place.

BURLAPING WITH A BALL OF EARTH—When requested we will burlapt each individual tree as dug with earth adhering. Such trees weigh considerably more, but with expensive ornamentals is warranted caution. In planting, the burlap may be left on, as it soon rots. Merely soak tan on all thoroughly and plant very firmly. Extra charge for 12 to 18-in., 10c each; 18 to 24-in., 15c; 2 to 3 feet, 20c; 3 to 4 feet, 25c; 4 to 6 feet, 30c; 6 feet up, 50c.

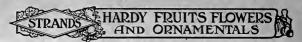
POSTPAID Seedlings, 20c per 100 extra. 6 to 12-inch, 2c each extra.

JACK PINE Hardy native, drouth-resisting; very easily transplanted; very rapid grower; especially valuable for

windbreaks on dry	, loose soils or severe l	ocations.		
	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to 6 in, seedli			\$ 1.00	\$ 7.00
6 to 8 in. seedli	ngs	•••••		
o to o m. seedin	ngs		1.50	10.00
6 to 12 in. trans	plants \$0.15	\$1.00	8.00	******
12 to 18 in		1.50	10.00	1
18 to 24 in		2.00	15.00	
2 to 3 ft.			10.00	*******
		3.00	*******	*******
3 to 4 ft		4.00		

SCOTCH PINE One of the hardiest, rapid growers. Probably the best known and most largely planted of any of the evergreens. Valuable for windbreaks and does well generally.

(Prices and grades same as for Jack Pine.)



WHITE PINE The most beautiful of the pines. Rapid grower, adapted to the more favorable locations and de-

serves	gr	eater attention.			•	
			Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to	.6	in. seedlings			\$ 1.50	\$10.00
6 to	8	in. seedlings			2.00	15.00
6 to	12	in.	\$0.15	\$1.20	10.00	
		in	.25	2.00	17.00	••••••
		in	.35	3.00	25.00	••••••
2 to		ft	.50	4.00	30.00	*******
3 to		ft	.75	6.00	50.00	
0 10		10	.13	0.00	90.00	••••••



AUSTRIAN PINE AUSTRIAN PINE—A very hardy, robust grower; no but holds its lower limbs better; also more symmetrical. not as rapid as Scotch,

(Prices and grades same as for White Pine.)

\*PONDEROSA PINE—A native of the Rocky Mountains; similar to Austrian but has longer and lighter-colored foliage. Very hardy and desirable. This and the Jack Pines are especially recommended for severe locations. (Prices and grades same as for White Pine.)

\*NORWAY PINE—One of our finest native pines; hardy, drouth resisting. Similar to the Austrian, but of more rapid, straighter growth and not as coarse foliage.

foliage.

6 to 12 in 12 to 18 in	 \$0.20 \$1	.50
MOUNTAIN P	dark green, ha	rdy nere

a low clump hedge or border is wanted. Does well on all soils.

Each Per Per 10 Per 100 \$ 1.50 15.00 4 to 6 in seedlings.... 6 to 12 in bushy...... 12 to 18 in bushy...... 18 to 24 in bushy..... \$2.00 .35 20.00 2 50



ARBOR VITAE (American White Cedar)—One of our most beautiful evergreens for screens or hedges. Adapted to retentive soils and sheltered locations. A very popular evergreen

for general planting.				
E 21	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to 6 in. seedlings		******	\$ 1.00	\$ 7.00
6 to 8 in. seedlings			1.50	10.00
8 to 12 in	\$0.15	\$ 1.20	8.00	•••••
12 to 18 in	20	1.50	12.00	
18 to 24 in	30	2.50	20.00	*******
2 to 3 ft	40	3.50	30.00	
3 to 4 ft	50	4.50	40.00	
4 to 5 ft	75	6.00	50.00	
5 to 6 ft. XX	1.25	10.00		

ARBOR VITAE PYRAMIDALLIS—Similar to above; of very compact, upright growth and in great demand for cemetery or as a formal ornamental.

6	to	12	in	\$0.25	\$2.00
			in		3.00
		24		.50	4.50

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# STRAND'S NURSERY TAYLORS FALLS, MINNESOTA

RED CEDAR (Northern)—The hardiest, easiest to transplant of all the evergreens. Rapid grower when young.

Makes the best of low shelter belts and may be sheared into any form. Should not be used around apple orchards, as it

				Each	Per 10	Per 100
6	to	12	in	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
			in		2.50	20.00
18	to	24	in	.40	3.50	30.00
2	to	3	ft	.50	4.00	35.00
3	to	4	ft	1.00	7.50	·

### JUNIPER, COMMON

-A dwarf, hardy native or trailing form very similar to the Red Cedar. Valuable, as an ornamental. 12 in., 25c; \$2.00 per 10.

JUNIPER, SAVIN-Very hardy and desirable dwarf form. Retains its green color well throughout the winter. Valuable for low border or specimens.

Each Per 10 \$0.35 \$3.00 4.00 12 to 18 in..... 18 to 24 in.... .....



for shelter belts or other for shelter belts or

3.50 30.00 5.00

BLACKHILLS SPRUCE Similar to White, only more bardy, and especially valuable for hedge planting and general use on our western prairies.

4 to 6 in. seedlings

BALSAM FIR A conical, upright and rapid grower; retains its sil-very green color very well. A great favorite in many places, especially on heavy, retentive soil, where it makes one of the choicest evergreens for general planting.

(Prices and grades same as for White Spruce.)

DOUGLAS SPRUCE—A rapid-growing, hardy variety from the Rocky Mountains, similar to the Balsam, having pointed buds. Of graceful proportions and fine color.

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$1.50 2.50

CONCOLOR SPRUCE or Silver Fir—A rare evergreen, longer foliage, omething like Balsam, but more open in\_growth. Very attractive and

u-c		DIC.		Each	Per 10	Per 100
4	to	6	in. seedlings			\$2.50
			in. transplants		\$2.00	
			in	.40	3.00	
			in	.75	5.00	
2	to	3	ft	1.00	7.50	

\*ENGLEMAN'S SPRUCE—Another Rocky Mountain evergreen, very similar in growth to the Colorado Blue, but does not take on quite as high coloring. The needles are shorter and more blunt. Hardy and very desirable.

# coloring. The needles are shorter and more blunt. Hardy and very desirable. (Prices and grades same as for Douglas.) COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE A form of the Spruce from Colorado; very

hardy and symmetrical; foliage varies much in color from green to a deep blue.

The very choicest of all ornamental evergreens.

4 to 6 men seedings\$2.00							
					Each	Per 10	
Average.	6	to	12	in	\$0.25	\$ 2.00	
Average,	12	to	18	in	.35	3.00	
Average,	18	to	24	in	.50	4.00	
Average,	2	to	3	ft	1.00	7.50	
Average,	3	to	4	ft	2.00	15.00	
Blue, 6	to	12	in.		.50	4.00	
Blue, 12	to	18	in.		.75	6.00	
Blue, 18	to	24	in.		2.00	17.00	
Blue, 2	to	3	ft.		3.00	25.00	
Blue, 3	to	4	ft		5.00	40.00	



### BEDDING PLANTS

21/4-inch Potted Plant, unless otherwise specified.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
AGERATUM—Dwarf blue; choice border or edging			
ALYSSUM—Dwarf white; choice border or edging	\$0.10	\$0.75	\$ 6.00
plant	.10	.75	6.00
ASTER—Double blue, lavender, pink, red and white; Transplanted Seedlings	.05	.30	2.50
CANNAS—Potted plants after May 15th; standard			
sorts	.20	1.50	12.00
CALADIUM or Elephant's Ear—Dormant bulbs	.25	2.00	15.00
CASTOR BEAN PLANTS—Tall desirable ornamental	.25	2.00	15.00
CARNATIONS—Standard sorts; all colors	.20	1.50	12.00
COSMOS—Early flowering white, pink, and red;			
transplanted seedlings	.05	.30	2.50
COLEUS—The greatest of foliage or bedding plants.			
Light yellow to crimson; standard sorts	.10	.75	6.00
DAHLIAS—Best standard sorts; dormant bulbs	.20	1.50	12.00
DAISY or Marguerite—Choice free bloomers	.20	1.50	12.00
GERANIUMS-Red, crimson, pink or white	.20	1.50	12.00
GLADIOLUS—To color or best assorted	.05	.30	2.50
KOCHIA or Burning Bush—The great annual hedge	.00	.00	2.00
plant; transplanted seedlings	.05	.30	2.50
PANSIES—Mammoth flowering sorts; all colors;	.00	.00	2.00
transplanted seedlings	.05	.40	3.00
SALVIA or Scarlet Sage—Very effective	.15	1.00	8.00
TUBEROSES—Double white, very fragrant	.05	.30	2.50
VEDDENAS In seed exercises	.10	.75	6.00
VERBENAS—In good assortment. VINCA VINES or Variegated Periwinkle—The best	.10	.10	0.00
decorative vine for pot or box work	.20	1.50	12.00
decorative vine for pot or box work	.20	1.50	12.00
VEGETABLE PLAN	VIS		
(From flats or seed beds	.) 🦠		
CABBAGE—Standard early and late sorts		.10	.50
CAULIFLOWER—Best standard sorts		.25	1.50
CELERY—White Plume and Golden Self Blanching		.10	.50
CELERY—Transplanted seedlings		.20	1.00
EGG PLANTS—Transplanted seedlings	.05	.30	2.00
HOP VINE ROOTS	.15	1.00	2.00
DARSTEY Mass Curled transplanted and discourse	.05	.30	2.00
PARSLEY—Moss Curled; transplanted seedlings		.30	2.00
PEPPERS—Bull Nose and Long Red	.05		
SAGE—Transplanted seedlings	.05	.30	
TOMATOES—Dwarf Champion, Stone or Ponderosa		.20	1.50
Transplanted or pot plants	.10	.50	4.00
· ·			

If You Don't See What You Want, Ask for It

# Single Comb White LEGHORNS



# Profitable Poultry is What You Want

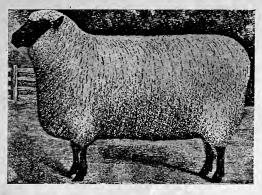
We still have a few cockerels and pullets for sale at very reasonable prices WRITE US.

EGGS, \$1.50 per 15 SAFE DELIVERY GUARANTEED.

STRAND'S NURSERY
Taylors Falls, .. .. Minnesota

4

# Oxford Sheep



FOR THE DIVERSIFIED FARMS of the Northwest this breed will give the best satisfaction. They are the largest of the medium wool breeds, docile, prolific and hardy; shearing from 10 to 15 pounds; mature males weighing from 250 to 275 pounds, ewes 225 to 250. We have a fine registered flock and will be pleased to quote on your needs.

#### **OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT**

# **Duroc Jersey Hogs**

A Few Choice December Pigs for Sale Will Also Book Orders for Spring Pigs

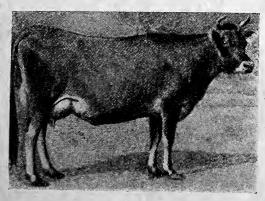
For prolific, easy keeping, quick maturing hogs, the Duroc Jerseys cannot be excelled. These are well bred, heavy boned, eligible to registry. For further particulars write us.

#### SAFE DELIVERY GUARANTEED

TWO CHOICE

# Jersey Bull Calves

Eligible to Registry. Dropped March 2, 1913, and January 24, 1914



Both are solid dark fawn, very handsome, thrifty, promising fellows. Sired by one of the best St. Lambert bulls in the state. Dams are high quality cows. At the reasonable price offered they cannot fail to please. For further particulars, write us.



"SENTINEL" OR "OLD MAN OF THE DALLES' INTER-STATE PARK TAYLORS FALLS, MINN

# STRAND'S NURSERY

TAYLORS FALLS, MINN.